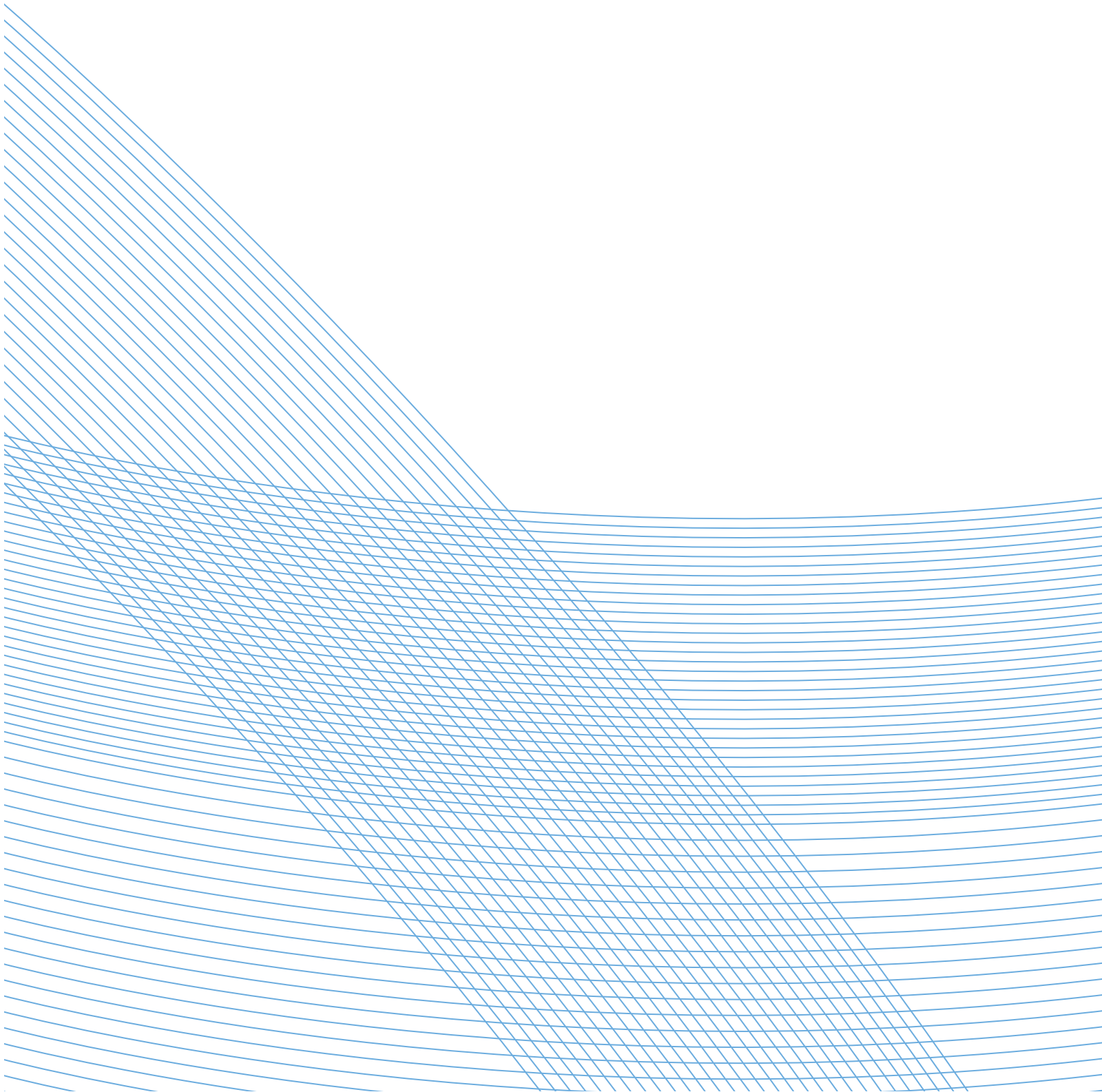


HARGREAVEHALE AIM VCT 1 plc

Annual Report and Accounts
Year ended 30 September 2014



CONTENTS

	Page
Financial Highlights	3
Chairman’s Statement	4
Board of Directors	6
Strategic Report	7
Investment Manager’s Report	10
Investment Portfolio Summary	12
Top Ten Investments	15
Directors’ Report	18
Directors’ Remuneration Report	22
Corporate Governance	24
Statement of Directors’ Responsibilities	29
Independent Auditor’s Report	30
Income Statement	33
Balance Sheet	34
Cash Flow Statement	35
Reconciliation of Movement in Shareholders’ Funds	35
Notes to the Financial Statements	37
Glossary of Terms	49
Company Information	50
Notice of AGM	51

Investment Objective

The objective of the VCT is to achieve long term capital growth and to maximise tax free distributions to shareholders by investing in a diversified portfolio of small capitalised UK Companies primarily traded on AIM. At least 70% of the Company’s funds must be invested in qualifying holdings within three years of raising the funds. The balance of the Company’s funds will be invested in liquid assets (such as gilts, other fixed interest and bank deposits) and non-qualifying equity investments on an opportunistic basis to boost the fund’s performance. The Company is managed as a Venture Capital Trust in order that shareholders in the Company may benefit from the tax relief available.

Shareholder Communication

The Company’s daily share price can be found on various financial websites under the TIDM code “HHV” or on our dedicated website at <http://www.hargreave-hale.co.uk/fund-management/venture-capital-trusts/hargreave-hale-aim-vct-1/share-price-and-nav/>

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Ordinary Shares (as at 30 September):	2014	2013
Net asset value per share	80.31p	71.87p
Cumulative distributions paid per share since launch	33.75p	29.75p
Total return	114.06p	101.62p
Annual Returns per share:		
Revenue return	(0.41)p	(0.24)p
Capital return	10.91p	14.05p
Combined Return	10.50p	13.81p
Dividends per share:		
Interim paid	1.75p	1.5p
Final proposed	2.50p	2.25p
Total dividend for year	4.25p	3.75p
Performance Benchmark:		
Total Return	120%	107%
FTSE AIM All-share Index (results rebased to 100 at 29 October 2004)	78%	82.3%

The Glossary of Terms can be found on page 49 of the report.

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

Introduction

At 30 September 2014 the NAV was 80.31 pence which after adding back the dividends paid gives a total return since inception of 114.06 pence. The gain per ordinary share for the year was 10.50 pence per share (comprising revenue loss of 0.41 pence and capital gains of 10.91 pence).

Investments

The Investment Manager, Hargreave Hale Limited, invested a further £5.00 million in 24 qualifying companies during the year. The Fair Value of qualifying investments at 30 September 2014 was £23.27 million invested in 54 AIM companies and 7 unquoted companies. £6.18 million was held in a mix of cash, fixed income and other non-qualifying equities; more detail can be found in the Investment Manager's Report on page 10.

Dividend

An interim dividend of 1.75 pence was paid on 4 July 2014 (Interim 2013 – 1.50 pence).

A final dividend of 2.50 pence is proposed (2013 – 2.25 pence) which, subject to shareholder approval at the AGM will be paid on 28 January 2015, to ordinary shareholders on the register on 30 December 2014.

The directors have maintained a dividend policy of at least 5% of the year end NAV. Subject to market conditions they expect that this will continue.

Buybacks

We were pleased that we were able to maintain our policy of offering our shareholders an efficient exit route through the buyback scheme. In total, 530,852 shares were purchased during the year at an average price of 77.08 pence per share.

Issue of Equity

The joint offer for subscription (together with Hargreave Hale AIM VCT 2) closed on 25 September 2014 and resulted in funds being received for Hargreave Hale AIM VCT 1 of £7.58 million and the issue of 9.27 million shares.

New Joint Offer for Subscription of Ordinary Shares

After our success this year, on the 3 October 2014 the Directors of Hargreave Hale AIM VCT 1 plc and Hargreave Hale AIM VCT 2 plc announced the launch of a new joint offer for subscription of new shares in both VCT's to raise up to £10 million into each company.

The offer for subscription was approved by shareholders of the Company at a General Meeting on 7 November 2014 and is open to both new and existing shareholders. Since its launch the offer has resulted at 17 December 2014 in funds being received of £2.37 million and the issue of 3.02 million shares.

Cancellation of Share Premium and Capital Redemption Reserve

At the Annual General Meeting of the Company held on 22 January 2014, a special resolution was passed approving the cancellation of an amount standing to the credit of the Company's share premium account and capital redemption reserve. The Court approved the cancellation on 9 April 2014.

The Company is pleased to announce that, following the approval of the Court and the subsequent registration of the Court order with the Registrar of Companies, the cancellation has now become effective. £15,363,291 and £912,025, previously held in the share premium account and capital redemption reserve respectively, has been transferred to the Company's special reserve account.

Treasury Stock

The Company also cancelled 2,711,134 treasury shares on 27 January 2014 in accordance with the provisions of section 729 of the Companies Act 2006.

VCT Status

To maintain its VCT qualifying status we must invest at least 70% of the net funds raised in any one accounting period in qualifying investments within three years. At the yearend we have achieved 95.80% per cent and have satisfied all the relevant tests.

Outlook

The last 18 months have been kind to the fund which has grown substantially on the back of a rising stock market and with input of successful fund raising. The market has risen on the back of an improving economy and the prospect of improving company results. During the last few months we have seen this growth stutter and fall back a little. Whether this is simply the market taking a “breather” whilst it waits for the results to catch up with expectations or a more permanent adjustment is hard to tell.

There are plenty of circumstances that could unsettle the economy. These include the General election in less than six months with no clear favourite; the position of the UK in the EU; and the fact that we are still running a multi-billion pound budget deficit.

However there are plenty of good things such as lower oil prices that should be good for the economy. Giles and his team have selected many well run companies which have significantly outperformed their peers and which are well placed to weather any storm and should continue to give the fund better than average performance.

Sir Aubrey Brocklebank
Chairman

Date: 17 December 2014

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Sir Aubrey Brocklebank

After qualifying as a chartered accountant Sir Aubrey Brocklebank worked for Guinness Mahon from 1981 to 1986, initially in its corporate finance department before assisting in the establishment of a specialist development capital department. From 1986 to 1990 he was a director of Venture Founders Limited, managing a £12 million venture capital fund, which had been raised to invest in early stage ventures. He managed the Avon Enterprise Fund (a venture capital fund of £4.5 million, investing in approximately 20 companies) from 1990 until all investments had been realised in 1997. He is Chairman of two other VCTs, Downing Planned Exit VCT 2011 Plc and Puma VCT 8 plc. He is, and has also been, a director of a number of companies, some of which are, or have been, quoted on AIM.

Giles Hargreave

Giles is the Chairman of Hargreave Hale Limited. After leaving Cambridge in 1969 Giles began his career as a trainee analyst with James Capel before moving to Management Agency and Music Plc as a private fund manager in 1974. In 1986 he founded Hargreave Investment Management, which was merged with Hargreave Hale & Co in 1988, Giles took over as the fund manager of a Special Situations Fund. He also manages a UK Micro Cap Growth Fund, a Multi Cap Income Fund and a UK Nano-Cap Growth Fund. Giles heads up Hargreave Hale's investment committee and chairs the weekly meetings in which the team reviews existing and potential investments.

David Brock

David was, until July 1997, a main board director of MFI Furniture Group plc and managing director of MFI International Limited having been involved at a senior level in both MFI's management buyout and its subsequent floatation. He started his career at Marks and Spencer Group plc. He is currently chairman of Kitwave Limited, Episys Group Limited and Elderstreet VCT plc and is a non-executive director of Puma VCT 8 plc.

STRATEGIC REPORT

The report has been prepared by the directors in accordance with the requirements of Section 414A of the Companies Act 2006. The Company's independent auditor is required by law to report on whether the information given within the strategic report is consistent with the financial statements. The auditor's report is set out on pages 30 to 32.

Investment Objectives

The Company's investment objectives are:

- to invest in a diversified portfolio of small UK based companies on a high risk, medium term capital growth basis, primarily being companies which are traded on AIM and which have the opportunity for significant value appreciation;
- to invest in smaller companies which may not be readily accessible to private individuals and which also tend to be more risky;
- to maximise distributions to shareholders from capital gains and income generated from the Company's funds;
- targeted investment in equities which are non-qualifying investments on an opportunistic basis to boost the performance of the Ordinary Shares; and
- To maintain the Company's exposure to small companies through an initial investment of new capital into the Marlborough Special Situations Fund pending investment into Qualifying Companies.

Asset Allocation

Hargreave Hale AIM VCT 1 Plc will have a range of investments in three distinct asset classes:

- Equity investments in Qualifying Companies, referred to as "Qualifying Investments". Qualifying Investment will:
 - comprise qualifying holdings for a VCT as defined in Chapter 4 Part 6 of the Income Tax Act 2007;
 - primarily be made in AIM companies, but the Company's investment manager ("Investment Manager") will also consider ISDX-quoted companies and private companies that meet the investment criteria summarised below.
 - vary in size from £50,000 to £1 million.
- Sovereign debt, quasi-sovereign debt, bonds, bank deposits that are readily realisable and other fixed income securities.
- Non qualifying equity exposure to UK and international equities through targeted investments made on an opportunistic basis to boost the performance of the company or through an investment into the Marlborough Special Situations Fund.

Hargreave Hale AIM VCT 1 Ordinary Share Fund will have additional non-qualifying equity exposure to UK and international equities.

Investment Manager

The Company is managed by Hargreave Hale Limited, a fund manager with approximately £3.9 billion under management. Hargreave Hale has been managing investments in UK Small and Micro Cap companies for 16 years and VCTs for 10 years. It has a long established reputation that stems from its management of the Marlborough Special Situations Fund and the Marlborough UK Micro Cap Fund, and more recently the VCTs. It has won numerous awards for its management of small cap funds, most recently the 2012 Quoted Company 'Investor of the Year' Award. In accordance with the investment policy, both Hargreave Hale AIM VCT 1 and Hargreave Hale AIM VCT 2 have made investments in the Marlborough Special Situations Fund, which has returned 1,798% since Giles Hargreave took responsibility for it in July 1998.

The investments of the Company are co-managed by Giles Hargreave and Oliver Bedford, with support from the rest of the firm's investment team together comprising a total investment team of 12. The investment team manages approximately £2.5 billion, of which approximately £1.9 billion is invested in small companies, many of which are quoted on AIM. The breadth of the investment team, the scale of investment in small companies and the Investment Manager's track record help attract deal flow.

Investment Strategy

Qualifying Investments.

The Investment Manager will maintain a diversified and fully invested portfolio of Qualifying Investments, primarily in small UK companies with a quotation on AIM. The primary purpose of the investment strategy is to ensure Hargreave Hale AIM VCT 1 maintains its status as a VCT. To achieve this, the Company must have 70% of all funds raised from the

issue of shares invested in Qualifying Investments throughout accounting periods of the VCT beginning no later than three years after the date on which those shares are issued.

Although VCTs are required to invest and maintain a minimum of 70% of their funds invested in Qualifying Investments as measured by the VCT rules, it is likely that the Investment Manager will target a higher threshold of approximately 80% in order to provide some element of protection against an inadvertent breach of the VCT rules. The Company's maximum exposure to a single Qualifying Investment is limited to 15% of net assets.

The Investment Manager has expanded the key selection criteria used in deciding which Qualifying Investments to make. The criteria does include, inter alia:

- the strength and credibility of the management team;
- the business plan;
- the risk/reward profile of the investment opportunity;
- the quality of the finance function and budgetary process;
- the strength of the balance sheet relative to anticipated cash flow from operations; and
- the existing balance of investments within the portfolio of Qualifying Investments.

The Investment Manager follows a stock specific, rather than sector specific, investment approach and is more likely to provide expansionary capital than seed capital.

The Investment Manager will primarily focus on investments in companies with a quotation on AIM or plans to trade on AIM. The Investment Manager prefers to participate in secondary issues of companies that are quoted on AIM as such companies have an established track record that can be more readily assessed and greater disclosure of financial performance. Secondary issues are often priced at an attractive discount to the market price.

Non-Qualifying Investments

The Company Fund will have additional non-qualifying equity exposure to UK and international equities through targeted investments made on an opportunistic basis to boost the performance of the Company. This will vary in accordance with the Investment Manager's view of the equity markets and may fluctuate between nil and 30% of the net assets of the Company. The Investment Manager will also invest in Gilts, other fixed income securities and cash.

The Investment Manager may invest up to 75% of the net proceeds of any issue of new shares into the Marlborough Special Situations Fund subject to a maximum of 20% of the gross assets of the Company. This will enable the Company to maintain their exposure to small companies indirectly, whilst the Investment Manager identifies opportunities to invest directly into small UK companies through a suitable number of Qualifying Investments.

The allocation between asset classes in the non-qualifying portfolio will vary depending upon opportunities that arise with a maximum exposure of 100% of the non-qualifying portfolio to any individual asset class.

Borrowings

It is not the Company's intention to have any borrowings. The Company does, however, have the ability to borrow a maximum amount up to 15% of the "Adjusted Capital and Reserves" amount (as such term is defined in the Articles of Association of the Company), which is effectively the aggregate of the nominal capital of the Company's issued and paid up and the amount standing to the credit of the consolidated reserves of the Company, less specified adjustments, exclusions and deductions. There are no plans to utilise this ability at the current time.

Business Review

A review of the Company's business during the year and consideration of its future development and prospects are contained in the Chairman's Statement and Investment Manager's Report. The financial position of the Company at 30 September 2014 was strong with no debt or gearing.

Overview of the year

In the financial year under review, net assets increased from £19.9m to £29.3m. In this period the NAV increased from 71.87p to 80.31p and achieved a return to ordinary shareholders, before dividends of 10.50p per share, equivalent to 14.6% of the opening net asset value per share of 71.87p.

Dividends

An interim dividend of 1.75 pence was paid on 4 July 2014 and a final dividend of 2.50p has been proposed.

Buybacks

In total, 530,852 shares were purchased during the year at an average price of 77.08 pence per share.

Investments

As a whole, during the year, the qualifying portfolio increased from £16.3m to £23.3m. The Company invested in 24 qualifying investments at a cost of £5.0m, of which 19 were investments into new holdings. For further details please refer to the Investment Managers Report on page 10.

Key Performance Indicators

At each Board meeting, the Directors consider a number of performance measures to assess the Company's success in achieving its objectives. The key performance indicators (KPIs) are established industry measures and are as follows:

- Net asset value
- Total return
- Earnings and Dividend per share

Commentary on the performance of these KPIs has been discussed in the Chairman's Statement and Investment Manager's Report on pages 4-5 and 10-11 respectively. In addition to the above, the Board considers peer group comparative performance. Performance is also measured against the Company's closest benchmark, The FTSE AIM All-share Index. The performance measures for the year are included in the Financial Highlights on page 3.

Principal Risks and Uncertainties

The principal risks facing the Company relate to the Company's investment activities and include risks stated below:

- Regulatory risk** – the Company operates in a complex regulatory environment and faces a number of related risks. A breach of section 259 of the Income Taxes Act 2007 could result in the Company being subject to capital gains tax on the sale of its investments. The Board receives a half yearly compliance report prepared by PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP to monitor compliance with regulations.
- Investment Risk** – Many of the Company's investments are held in small to medium sized unquoted or AIM quoted companies making them by nature risky investments. The directors aim to mitigate the risk by ensuring the maximum investment in any company does not exceed 15% of the Company's net assets.
- Discount volatility** – Venture Capital Trust shares tend to trade at discounts to their underlying net assets values, which can fluctuate considerably. To minimise the impact of such fluctuations, the Company set up a share buyback policy during the year where the Company purchases shares for cancellation.

Additional risks and further details of the above risks and how they are managed are explained in Note 17 of the financial statements.

Additional disclosures required by the Companies Act

Employees

The Company had no employees during the year and all Directors are male.

STUART BROOKES
Company Secretary

Date: 17 December 2014

INVESTMENT MANAGER'S REPORT

Introduction

This report covers the 2014 financial year, 1 October 2013 to 30 September 2014. The manager's report contains references to movements in the Net Asset per share (NAV) and Total Return per share (net asset value per share plus distributed earnings per share). Movements in the NAV per share do not necessarily mirror the earnings per share (EPS) reported in the accounts and elsewhere, which convey the profit after tax within the Company within the reported period as a function of the weighted average number of shares in issue for the period.

Investments

The financial year can largely be split into two halves. The first six months saw strong equity markets and corporate news flow drive the NAV materially higher; the VCT experienced five consecutive months of NAV appreciation. The second half of the year was more challenging with different risk factors coming together to drive equity markets lower. These included geopolitical tension in Eastern Europe and the Middle East, Ebola, the end of the US Quantitative Easing programme, falling oil prices and downward revisions to the outlook for the global economy. Europe, our largest trading partner, remains in near recession and continues to flirt with deflation. Conversely, the UK and US continue to post solid growth. Needless to say, we have lost some of the gains we accumulated over the first half of the year.

Over the last six months, growth companies that have missed market expectations have been hit particularly hard, irrespective of their size. Whilst the second half has been disappointing in terms of NAV progression, the tighter market has seen the balance of power swing back to investors and away from vendors; important when it comes to maintaining market discipline and establishing realistic valuations for IPOs. Despite the recent pull back, the portfolio companies continue to perform well, with corporate news flow over the past three months being particularly strong. The strength of the UK economy and portfolio structure leaves us confident about the medium-long term outlook.

Performance

In the twelve months to 30 September 2014, the NAV increased from 71.87p to 80.31p. 4.00p in dividends were paid, giving investors a total return of 12.44 pence per share, which translates to a gain of 17.3%. During the same period, the FTSE 100 gained 2.5% whilst the FTSE AIM All-Share fell 5.4%.

The qualifying investments made a net contribution of 12.54 pence per share with 35 out of the 63 making gains, 5 marking time and 23 losing ground. The balance was a mixture of non-qualifying portfolio gains, costs, income and small gains made through share buy backs.

Audioboom (+1000.0%, +3.33 pence per share), one of our more recent investments, was the top performing qualifying investment. There is considerable excitement about the company's audio content platform, which aggregates 'spoken word' programming from more than 3000 channels (including BBC, Channel 4, Sky News, CBS, ESPN and LBC) for distribution through mobile devices. Other stocks that made a significant contribution included Flowgroup (+331.6%, +2.28 pence per share), Intercede (+58.7%, +2.30 pence per share), Pressure Technology (+86.8%, +1.81 pence per share) and Mexican Grill (+167.2%, +1.50 pence per share).

The biggest losses within the period came from WANdisco (-73.3%, -1.09 pence per share) and Outsourcery (-88.1%, -1.63 pence per share). Like many highly rated tech stocks, WANdisco suffered a sustained de-rating as part of a wider rotation away from the sector, although in this instance the potential need for additional funding has further undermined the share price. After a disappointing interim update, which flagged lower than expected growth in quarterly bookings in its legacy business, more recent news flow has been positive. Its big data product received a strong endorsement from Oracle and the management remain confident of securing one or more material contracts before the year end. The confident management team has drawn a line under the recent falls and the shares remain comfortably higher than our entry price. Outsourcery is another to be hit by Balance Sheet issues, although in this case the problem has been compounded by slower than anticipated customer acquisition, which is primarily driven by their channel partners (such as Vodafone). Whilst the channel partner model gives the company great reach into the market in a cost efficient manner, it also reduces management's control of the sales pipeline and leaves them at the mercy of slow moving behemoths.

We made twenty-five qualifying investments over the year, which included six additional investments into existing qualifying companies; eleven secondary placings into listed companies; seven IPO's and one private investment. We invested a total of £5.0m into qualifying investments over the year.

The three most successful new qualifying investments were Audioboom, Trakm8 and Flowgroup. Audioboom initially raised £3.5m at the time of its reverse takeover by One Delta in March 2014 to fund the development of a new iPhone

app, which subsequently launched in September 2014. A further £8m was then raised through a second placing in September 2014 to strengthen the balance sheet and fund its marketing strategy. Trakm8, a global telematics provider for automotive applications, raised £5.4m to fund the acquisition of a competitor. Flow Group, which develops and commercialises energy efficient products and supplies energy to the UK residential market, raised £17.8m to fund the final stages of its development programme ahead of the January 2015 launch of its new micro-CHP boiler.

The three least successful qualifying investments this year were Mopowered, Outsourcery and Corac.

We made one complete exit from the qualifying portfolio over the financial year (DP Poland). We also sold qualifying stock in Advanced Computer Software, Audioboom, Cohort, Ilika, Intercede, Jelf, Pressure Technology and Reneuron, while keeping sufficient qualifying positions. Most of these partial exits were to maintain sensible individual weightings within the portfolio.

Portfolio Structure

The VCT is comfortably through the HMRC defined investment test and ended the period at 95.80% invested as measured by the HMRC investment test. By market value, the VCT had a 79.4% weighting to qualifying investments.

The allocation to non-qualifying equity investments increased from 3.3% to 6.5%, representing the funds small participation in non-qualifying equity issues and IPOs at attractive valuations. In line with the investment policy, we made further use of the Marlborough Special Situations Fund as a temporary home for proceeds from the fundraising. Although the year end weighting of 1.0% was little changed on the year, the allocation has been materially higher at times. The non-qualifying investments contributed 0.89 pence per share to the overall gains. Fixed income as a percentage of the fund fell from 4.0% down to 2.7% and cash ended the quarter at 10.9%, largely unchanged from 10.4%.

Post Year End Update

Recent volatility has weighed on deal flow since the year end however there has been a steady flow of qualifying deals. We have participated in a secondary placing in APC Technology, a qualifying company that we already owned, and Midatech, a new IPO.

Joint Offer for Subscription of Ordinary Shares

On 1 November 2013 the Directors of Hargreave Hale AIM VCT 1 plc and Hargreave Hale AIM VCT 2 plc announced the launch of a new joint offer for subscription of new shares in both VCT's to raise up to £10 million into each company.

This offer closed on 25 September 2014 and resulted in funds being received of £7.58m by Hargreave Hale AIM VCT 1, and the issue of 9.27 million shares.

On 3 October 2014 the Directors of Hargreave Hale AIM VCT 1 plc and Hargreave Hale AIM VCT 2 plc announced the launch of a new joint offer for subscription of new shares in both VCT's to raise up to £10 million into each company.

Since its launch on 3 October 2014 and the date of this report the offer has resulted in funds being received of £2.37 million by Hargreave Hale AIM VCT 1 Plc, and the issue of 3.02 million shares.

Buybacks

In total, 530,852 ordinary shares were purchased between 1 October 2013 and 30 September 2014, at a total value of £409,177.

Dividends

There were 4.00p in dividends paid out over the year.

For further information please contact:

Stuart Brookes

Company Secretary

Hargreave Hale AIM VCT2 plc

01253 754740

Date: 17 December 2014

INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO SUMMARY

Ordinary Share Fund

As at 30 September 2014

Qualifying investments	Book Cost £000	Valuation £000	Valuation %
Advanced Computer Software Group plc	204	1,384	5.27
Intercede Group plc	247	1,298	4.94
Cohort plc	716	1,084	4.13
Flowgroup plc	577	1,084	4.13
Audioboom Group plc	173	998	3.80
Pressure Technologies Corporation plc	225	975	3.71
Abcam plc	67	804	3.06
Mexican Grill Ltd (A Preference Shares)	185	769	2.93
Idox plc	135	743	2.83
K3 Business Technology Group plc	270	687	2.62
Hardide plc	635	612	2.33
Craneware plc	150	598	2.28
TLA Worldwide plc	300	570	2.17
Vertu Motors plc	600	555	2.11
AnimalCare Group plc	220	548	2.09
Quixant plc	160	522	1.99
Mycelx Technologies Corporation plc	300	507	1.93
Kalibrate Technologies plc	323	469	1.79
Microsaic Systems plc	350	453	1.72
EKF Diagnostic Holdings plc	300	450	1.71
TrakM8 Holdings plc	133	448	1.71
Mirada plc	444	444	1.69
Clearstar Inc	449	433	1.65
Premaita Health plc	263	407	1.55
Science in Sport plc	240	400	1.52
Porta Communications plc	505	391	1.49
Tasty plc	288	313	1.19
Egdon Resources plc	158	290	1.11
APC Technology Group plc	148	272	1.04
ULS Technology plc	221	271	1.03
Fusionex International plc	138	270	1.03
Plastics Capital plc	250	270	1.03
Tangent Communications plc	400	256	0.98
Instem plc	297	235	0.89
MartinCo plc	225	229	0.87
Belvoir Lettings plc	301	225	0.86
Lidco Group plc	220	220	0.84
Reneuron Group plc	368	218	0.83
Getlenses plc	205	205	0.78
Everyman Media Group plc	172	184	0.70
Jelf Group plc	148	176	0.67
Ilika plc	98	171	0.65
Imaginatik plc	250	170	0.65
Universe Group plc	210	165	0.63
Nektan Ltd	130	155	0.59
WANdisco plc	89	150	0.57
Eagle Eye Solutions Group plc	141	149	0.57
Progressive Digital Media Group plc	173	137	0.52
Synairgen plc	140	132	0.50
Proxama plc	105	128	0.49
Sphere Medical Holdings plc	300	92	0.35
Mexican Grill Ltd (Ordinary shares)	21	85	0.33
Outsourcery Group Ltd	650	80	0.31

INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO SUMMARY (Continued)

	Book Cost £000	Valuation £000	Valuation %
Corac Group plc	185	73	0.28
Synety Group plc	109	72	0.27
Verona Pharma plc	127	69	0.26
Redcentric plc	214	65	0.25
Corfe Energy Ltd	50	50	0.19
Brigantes Energy Ltd	50	25	0.10
Mopowered Group plc	301	20	0.08
Invocas Group plc	169	12	0.05
Infoserve Group plc**	200	0	0.00
	-----	-----	-----
Total qualifying investments	15,422	23,267	88.64
Non-Qualifying investments			
Marlborough Special Situations Fund	276	285	1.09
	-----	-----	-----
Total – Unit Trusts	276	285	1.09
Scottish Amicable Finance 8.5% 2049	256	284	1.08
Petrobras International Finance 6.25% 2026	247	258	0.98
Nationwide Building Society 7.971% 2049	242	255	0.97
	-----	-----	-----
Total – UK corporate bonds	745	797	3.03
FC Fund Managers Ltd	300	300	1.14
Horizon Discovery Group plc	219	188	0.72
BooHoo.com plc	179	171	0.65
Quixant plc	159	169	0.64
FDM Group Holdings plc	115	142	0.54
Tarsus Group plc	134	130	0.50
Plethora Solutions Holdings plc	149	124	0.47
Restore plc	73	124	0.47
Reneuron Group plc	104	118	0.45
Mexican Grill Ltd (A Preference Shares)	34	103	0.39
Synaigen plc	102	101	0.39
Hydrodec Group plc	100	89	0.34
Amerisur Resources plc	91	85	0.32
Eagle Eye Solutions Group plc	44	43	0.17
Helius Energy plc	40	10	0.04
Hardide plc	1	1	0.01
TrakM8 Holdings plc	1	1	0.00
APC Technology Group plc**	1	0	0.00
WANdisco plc**	1	0	0.00
	-----	-----	-----
Total – non-qualifying equities	1,847	1,899	7.24
	-----	-----	-----
Total – non-qualifying investments	2,868	2,981	11.36
	-----	-----	-----
Total investments	18,290	26,248	100.00
	-----	-----	-----

** These are actual holdings of less than £500.

The majority of investments held within the portfolio are listed and/or headquartered in the UK with the exception of the following:

Quoted Investments

- Audioboom: a UK listed company that was incorporated and registered in Jersey;
- BooHoo plc: UK listed and headquartered, but registered and incorporated in Jersey;
- Clearstar: UK listed but incorporated in the Cayman Islands and headquartered in the USA;
- Fusionex International plc: UK listed, registered in Jersey but headquartered in Selangor, Malaysia;
- Mycelx Technologies Corporation: UK listed but headquartered in USA;
- Petrobras International Finance: Listed in Sao Paulo and New York but headquartered in Brazil;
- Wandisco plc: UK listed, registered and domiciled in St Helier, Jersey but headquartered in Sheffield;
- Nektan Ltd: UK listed but headquartered in Gibraltar – listed on 26 October.

Unquoted Investments

- Brigantes: a private company that is incorporated and registered in the UK;
- Corfe Energy: a private company that is incorporated and registered in the UK;
- GetLenses: A private company that is incorporated and registered in the UK;
- Infoserve: a private company that is incorporated and registered in the UK;
- Invocas: A private company that is incorporated and registered in the UK;
- Mexican Grill: A private company that is in incorporated and registered in the UK.

TOP TEN QUALIFYING INVESTMENTS

As at 30 September 2014 (By Market Value)

The top 10 equity investments are shown below; each is valued by reference to the bid price. Forecasts, where given, are drawn from a combination of broker research and/or Bloomberg consensus forecasts and exclude amortisation, share based payments and exceptional items. The net cash values are drawn from published accounts.

Abcam Plc **402.0p**

Investment date	October 2005	Forecasts for year to	June 2015
Equity Held	0.1%	Turnover (£'000)	135,400
Av. Purchase Price	33.4p	Profit before tax (£'000)	48,200
Cost (£'000)	67	Estimated Net Cash (£'000)	56,900
Valuation (£'000)	804		

Company Description

Abcam PLC produces and distributes research-grade antibodies via an online catalogue. The Company's customers include universities, research institutes, and pharmaceutical and biotechnology companies in countries around the world.

Advanced Computer Software Group Plc **115.5p**

Investment date	July 2008	Forecasts for year to	February 2015
Equity held	0.25%	Turnover (£'000)	219,900
Av. Purchase Price	17.0p	Profit before tax (£'000)	35,600
Cost (£'000)	204	Estimated Net Cash (£'000)	-37,900
Valuation (£'000)	1,384		

Company Description

Advanced Computer Software Group PLC provides specialised software and services. The Company's portfolio for the health and care sector includes IT management and analytics systems for out-of-hospital applications covering urgent and unplanned care, district nursing, hospices, residential care homes, telehealth, as well as mobile information systems for community carers.

Audioboom Group Plc **16.5p**

Investment date	March 2014	Forecasts for year to	November 2014
Equity held	1.2%	Turnover (£'000)	0
Av. Purchase Price	2.8p	Profit before tax (£'000)	-2,200
Cost (£'000)	173	Estimated Net Cash (£'000)	3,000
Valuation (£'000)	998		

Company Description

Audioboom Group is a social media based digital audio platform which allows professional and amateur content producers to create and broadcast largely non-musical audio content across multiple global verticals. Audioboom works with some of the biggest names in sports and media, such as: the English Premier League and the BBC.

Cohort Plc **197.0p**

Investment date	February 2006	Forecasts for year to	April 2015
Equity held	1.3%	Turnover (£'000)	95,500
Av. Purchase Price	130.2p	Profit before tax (£'000)	9,800
Cost (£'000)	716	Estimated Net Cash (£'000)	4,000
Valuation (£'000)	1,084		

Company Description

Cohort is the parent company of three well established, wholly owned subsidiaries providing a wide range of services and products for UK and international customers. Mass designs, manufactures and supports electronic systems and software, and provides specialist services and training. SCS specialises in providing advice and support based on sound technical knowledge coupled with experience in practical application. SEA delivers systems engineering, software and electronic engineering services and solutions, including specialist design and manufacture.

Flowgroup Plc			41.0p
Investment date	July 2007	Forecasts for year to	December 2014
Equity held	1.1%	Turnover (£'000)	31,800
Av. Purchase Price	21.8p	Profit before tax (£'000)	-9,600
Cost (£'000)	577	Estimated Net Cash (£'000)	11,500
Valuation (£'000)	1,084		

Company Description

Founded in 1997, Flowgroup specialises in developing and commercialising products to meet the need for alternative power generation technologies to increase efficiency and reduce the environmental impact of energy consumption. Through Flow Energy, the company is developing a microCHP boiler for launch into the UK residential market in 2014 and supplying gas and electricity into the UK domestic energy market. Its second subsidiary, Pnu Power, is developing and supplying compressed air back up power systems for use in a range of commercial applications.

Idox Plc			41.3p
Investment date	May 2007	Forecasts for year to	October 2014
Equity Held	0.5%	Turnover (£'000)	60,100
Av. Purchase Price	7.5p	Profit before tax (£'000)	11,800
Cost (£'000)	135	Estimated Net Cash (£'000)	-15,100
Valuation (£'000)	743		

Company Description

IDOX operates a software company, which produces and develops integrated and adaptable software systems for document, content and information management via web-based applications. The Group's main product, Image-Gen, allows paper-based processes to be converted into an electronic process, which can be accessed from any computer with a network or Internet link.

Intercede Group plc			173.0p
Investment date	May 2007	Forecasts for year to	March 2015
Equity held	1.5%	Turnover (£'000)	13,000
Av. Purchase Price	33.0p	Profit before tax (£'000)	0
Cost (£'000)	247	Estimated Net Cash (£'000)	6,300
Valuation (£'000)	1,298		

Company Description

Intercede is the producer of the MyID[®] Identity and Credential Management System. MyID is the only IDCMS software product that enables organisations to easily and securely manage the identities of people and their associated identity credentials within a single, integrated, workflow driven platform. This includes enabling and managing: secure registration, biometric capture, application vetting and approval through to smart card personalisation, issuance and management.

K3 Business Technology Group plc			229.0p
Investment date	September 2005	Forecasts for year to	June 2015
Equity held	0.9%	Turnover (£'000)	80,000
Av. Purchase Price	90.9p	Profit before tax (£'000)	8,000
Cost (£'000)	270	Estimated Net Cash (£'000)	-13,630
Valuation (£'000)	687		

Company Description

K3 Business Technology Group specialises in the provision of enterprise resource planning software, which encompasses supply chain management and e-business solutions products and services. More than 200 companies rely on K3 Business Solutions to advise, recommend, implement and support their critical business systems.

Mexican Grill Ltd			8550.0p
Investment date	October 2009	Forecasts for year to	December 2014
Equity held	3.5%	Turnover (£'000)	15,400
Av. Purchase Price	2135.0p	Profit before tax (£'000)	370
Cost (£'000)	240	Estimated Net Cash (£'000)	680
Valuation (£'000)	957		

Company Description

Mexican Grill, is a private company that operates 15 fast casual California-Mexican restaurants that provide fresh, made to order cuisine for eat in or take-away, making it amongst the largest chains within its niche. Bar the most recent opening, each of the sites is profitable, most notably Canary Wharf & Westfield Stratford which are generating an annual return on capital in excess of 50%. The company is profitable as a whole and has a strong Balance Sheet.

Pressure Technologies Corporation plc			650.0p
Investment date	May 2007	Forecasts for year to	September 2014
Equity held	1.0%	Turnover (£'000)	51,500
Av. Purchase Price	150.0p	Profit before tax (£'000)	6,400
Cost (£'000)	225	Estimated Net Cash (£'000)	3,200
Valuation (£'000)	975		

Company Description

Pressure Technologies is a leading designer and manufacturer of speciality engineering solutions for high pressure systems serving large global markets. The company is organised into three divisions: Cylinders, Engineered Products and Alternative Energy. The largest division, the Cylinders division, is a global market leader in the design and manufacture of speciality high pressure, seamless steel gas cylinders for the offshore oil and gas, defence, industrial gases and alternative energy markets.

Co-Investment

As at 30 September 2014, other funds managed by Hargreave Hale Limited were also invested in 59 of the following investments – Abcam plc, Advanced Computer Software Group plc, Animalcare Group plc, Amerisur Resources plc, APC Technology Group plc, Audioboom Group plc, Belvoir Lettings plc, BooHoo plc, Clearstar Inc, Cohort plc, Corac Group plc, Craneware plc, Eagle Eye Solutions Group plc, Egdon Resources plc, EKF Diagnostic Holdings plc, Everyman Media Group plc, FDM Group Holdings plc, Flowgroup plc, Fusionex International plc, Get Lenses Ltd, Hardide plc, Helius Energy plc, Horizon Discovery Group plc, Idox plc, Ilika plc, Imaginatik plc, Instem plc, Intercede Group plc, Invocas Group plc, Jelf Group plc, Kalibrate Technologies plc, K3 Business Technology Group plc, Lidco Group plc, MartinCo plc, Microsaic Systems plc, Mirada plc, Mopowered Group plc, Mycelx Technologies Corporation plc, Outsorcery Group Ltd, Plastics Capital plc, Plethora Solutions plc, Porta Communications plc, Premaita Health plc, Pressure Technologies Corporation plc, Progressive Digital Media Group plc, Proxama plc, Quixant plc, Redcentric plc, Reneuron Group plc, Restore plc, Sphere Medical Holdings plc, Synairgen plc, Synety Group plc, Tangent Communications plc, Tarsus Group plc, Tasty plc, TrakM8 Holdings plc, Vertu Motors plc and WANDisco plc.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

For the year end 30 September 2014

The Directors present their report together with the audited financial statements of the Company for the year from 1 October 2013 to 30 September 2014.

The Company was incorporated and registered in England and Wales on 16 August 2004 under the Companies Act 1985, registered number 5206425.

Principal Activity and Status

The Company has been approved by HMRC under section 259 of the Income Taxes Act 2007, as a Venture Capital Trust. The shares of the Company were first admitted to the Official List of the UK Listing Authority and trading on the London Stock Exchange on 29 October 2004.

On 23 May 2006, the Company revoked its investment company status to facilitate the payment of dividends out of capital profits.

The Company's principal activity is to invest in a diversified portfolio of qualifying small capitalised UK based companies, primarily trading on AIM, with a view to maximise tax free dividend distributions to shareholders.

The Directors have managed and continue to manage the Company's affairs in such a manner as to comply with Section 259 of the Income Taxes Act 2007.

Revenue and Dividends

The revenue loss after tax for the year amounted to £136,659 (2013 – £63,935 loss). An interim ordinary dividend of 1.75 pence per Ordinary share was paid on 4 July 2014 (2013 – 1.50 pence per share). The final dividend of 2.50 pence per share for the year ended 30 September 2014 is due to be paid on 28 January 2015 (2013 – 2.25 pence per share).

Share Valuation

On 30 September 2014, the bid-market price and the net asset value per ordinary share were 74 pence and 80.31 pence respectively.

Management

Hargreave Hale Limited manages the Company's investments. The principal terms of the Company's agreement with Hargreave Hale Limited are set out in Note 3 to the Financial Statements.

The initial appointment of the Investment Manager was for a period of three years and the appointment may be terminated by either party on giving one year's notice. The Directors review the Investment Manager's performance at each Board Meeting through review of the Investment Report.

Hargreave Hale Limited is to provide to the Company, administration services, custody services, company secretarial services and directorship of Giles Hargreave.

Capital Structure

The Company's capital structure is summarised in Note 1 to the accounts.

Voting Rights in the Company's shares

Details of the voting rights in the Company's shares as at the date of this report are given in Note 2 to the Notice of AGM on page 54.

VCT Status Monitoring

The Company has retained PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP as advisors on, inter alia, compliance with legislative requirements. The Directors monitor the Company's VCT status through regular reports from PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP.

Substantial Holdings in the Company

At 30 September 2014, there were 2 holdings of 3% and over of the Company's ordinary share capital. These holdings related to Hargreave Hale Nominees Limited and Hargreaves Lansdown (Nominees) Limited as at 30 September 2014 were 6.95% and 3.32% respectively.

Directors

The present Directors are listed below.

Directors' Interests

The beneficial interests of Directors of the Company in the share capital are shown below:

	Ordinary Shares	
	2014	2013
Sir Aubrey Brocklebank	4,845	4,845
Giles Hargreave	136,510	105,784
David Brock	15,325	15,325

There have been no changes to the beneficial interests of Directors between 30 September 2014 and the date of this report.

Share Buybacks

During the year, the Company repurchased 530,852 ordinary shares (nominal value £5,309) at a cost of £409,177. The shares repurchased represent 1.91% of ordinary shares in issue on 1 October 2013. All shares repurchased were cancelled.

The buyback scheme as detailed in the prospectus is offered to shareholders as a means to provide an opportunity for shareholders to sell their shares back to the Company through the buyback scheme if an exit route is desired.

As detailed in the Circular published on 9 October 2013 the Directors believe it is in the Shareholders best interest to target a reduced buyback discount. As a guide, and subject to the Boards' discretion and providing that, in the opinion of the Boards, there is adequate surplus cash available, the Company will consider buying back shares at a 5% discount to the last published Net Asset Value. The target of a 5% buyback discount is non-binding and at the Directors' discretion.

Treasury Stock

The Company also cancelled 2,711,134 treasury shares on 27 January 2014 in accordance with the provisions of section 729 of the Companies Act 2006.

Shares Issued

During the year, the Company issued 9,273,798 ordinary shares of 1 pence per share (nominal value £92,738) which resulted in funds being received of £7,578,192. The 3.5% premium of £270,678 was payable to Hargreave Hale Limited to cover the cost of additional shares allotted of £115,219 and introducer commission of £260 resulting in net fees payable to Hargreave Hale Limited of £155,199.

Cancellation of Share Premium and Capital Redemption Reserve

At the Annual General Meeting of the Company held on 22 January 2014, a special resolution was passed approving the cancellation of an amount standing to the credit of the Company's share premium account and capital redemption reserve. The Court approved the cancellation on 9 April 2014.

Joint Offer for Subscription

The joint offer for subscription (together with Hargreave Hale AIM VCT 2) closed on 25 September 2014 and resulted in funds being received for Hargreave Hale AIM VCT 1 of £7.58 million and the issue of 9.27 million shares.

New Joint Offer for Subscription of Ordinary Shares

The Directors of the Company announced on the 3 October 2014 the launch of an offer for subscription for new shares in Hargreave Hale AIM VCT 1 plc and Hargreave Hale AIM VCT 2 plc to raise up to £10 million into each company. The Offer was approved by shareholders of the Company at a General Meeting on 7 November 2014 and is open to both new and existing shareholders. Since its launch the offer has resulted in funds being received of £2.37 million and the issue of 3.02 million shares.

Post Balance Sheet Events

Post Balance Sheet Events are disclosed in Note 19 on page 48 of the accounts.

Directors' and Officers' Liability Insurance

All Directors and officers benefit from qualifying third party indemnity insurance cover.

Disclosable Interests

No Director is under contract of service with the Company and, other than as disclosed in Note 16, no contract existed during or at the end of the year in which any Director was materially interested and which was significant in relation to the Company's business.

Financial Instruments

The Company's financial instruments and principal risks are disclosed in Note 17 to the accounts.

Supplier Payment Policy

It is the Company's policy to obtain the best terms for all business and to abide by those agreed terms. It is the Company's policy to settle all investment transactions according to settlement periods operating for the relevant markets. The majority of transactions undertaken for services provided and goods received are payable on standard terms. The supplier payments due are settled on due date. The average time recorded to pay creditors in the year was 8 days (2013 – 5 days).

Charitable and Political Donations

The Company made no charitable or political donations in the year (2013 - nil).

Auditors

A resolution proposing the reappointment of BDO LLP as auditors to the Company and authorising the Directors to determine their remuneration will be put at the forthcoming AGM.

The Directors who held office at the date of approval of this Director's Report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and each Director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a Director to make himself aware of any relevant audit information, and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information.

Corporate Governance

The statement on corporate governance set out on pages 24 to 28 is included in the directors' report by reference.

Greenhouse Emissions

Whilst as a UK quoted company the VCT is required to report on its Greenhouse Gas Emissions, as it outsources all of its activities and does not have any physical assets, property, employees or operations, it is not responsible for any direct emissions.

Annual General Meeting

The Annual General Meeting will be held at Accurist House, 44 Baker Street, London, W1U 7AL at 14.00 pm on 22 January 2015. The notice of the Annual General Meeting is at the end of this document.

The proxy form enclosed with this Annual report and Financial Statements permits shareholders to disclose votes 'for', 'against', and 'withheld'. A vote 'withheld' is not a vote in law and will not be counted in proportion of the votes for and against in the resolution.

Resolutions relating to the following items of special business will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting for which the shareholder approval is required in order to comply either with the Companies Act 2006 or the listing Rules of the Financial Conduct Authority.

Power to allot shares

Ordinary resolution number 7 will request the authority to allot up to an aggregate nominal amount of £170,000. This resolution replaces the authority given to the Directors at the General Meeting on 7 November 2014. The authority sought at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting will expire 15 months from the date that this resolution is passed, or at the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company, whichever is earlier.

Disapplication of pre-emption rights

Special resolution number 8 will request the authority for the Directors to allot equity securities for cash without first being required to offer such securities to existing members. This will include the sale on a non pre-emptive basis of any shares the Company holds in treasury for cash. The authority relates to a maximum aggregate of £170,000 of the nominal value of the share capital.

This resolution replaces the authority given to the Directors at the General Meeting on 7 November 2014. The authority sought at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting will expire 15 months from the date that this resolution is passed or

at the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company, whichever is earlier. Members should note that this resolution also relates to treasury shares.

Purchase of own shares

Special resolution number 9 will request the authority to purchase approximately 14.99 per cent. of the Company's issued Ordinary share capital at, or between, the minimum and maximum prices specified in resolution 9. Shares bought back under this authority may be cancelled and up to 10 per cent. may be held in treasury.

The Board believes that it is helpful for the Company to continue to have the flexibility to buy its own shares and this resolution seeks authority from shareholders to do so.

This resolution would renew the 2014 authority, which was on similar terms.

The authority sought at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting will expire 15 months from the date that this resolution is passed, or at the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company, whichever is earlier.

Recommendation

The Board believes that the passing of the resolutions above are in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders as a whole, and unanimously recommends that you vote in favour of these resolutions, as the Directors intend to do in respect of their own beneficial shareholdings of 156,680 shares.

By order of the Board

STUART BROOKES
Company Secretary

Registered office:
Hargreave Hale AIM VCT1 plc,
Accurist House,
44 Baker Street
London W1U 7AL

Date: 17 December 2014

DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION REPORT

For the year ended 30 September 2014

The Board presents this Report which has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of The Companies Act 2006 and Statutory Instrument 2008/410. An ordinary resolution for the approval of this report will be put to the shareholders at the AGM.

Your Company's auditors are required to audit certain disclosures provided in this Report. Where disclosures have been audited, they are indicated in this Report. The auditor's opinion is included in their report on pages 30 to 32.

Remuneration Responsibilities

The remuneration committee presently consists of solely non – executive directors. All are considered independent with the exception of Mr Giles Hargreave who is Chairman of Hargreave Hale Limited and is not therefore independent. The committee has been established by the Board to set Remuneration policy and to deal with all matters relating to Directors remuneration and reporting thereon. It has clear Terms of Reference established by the Board.

Policy on Directors' Remuneration

The Company has no employees, so the Board's policy is that the remuneration of Directors should be fair and reasonable in relation to the time committed and responsibilities of the Directors and in line with the remuneration paid by other listed venture capital trusts and investment trusts. The Board aims to review Directors' remuneration from time to time. There have been no increases since the fund was established.

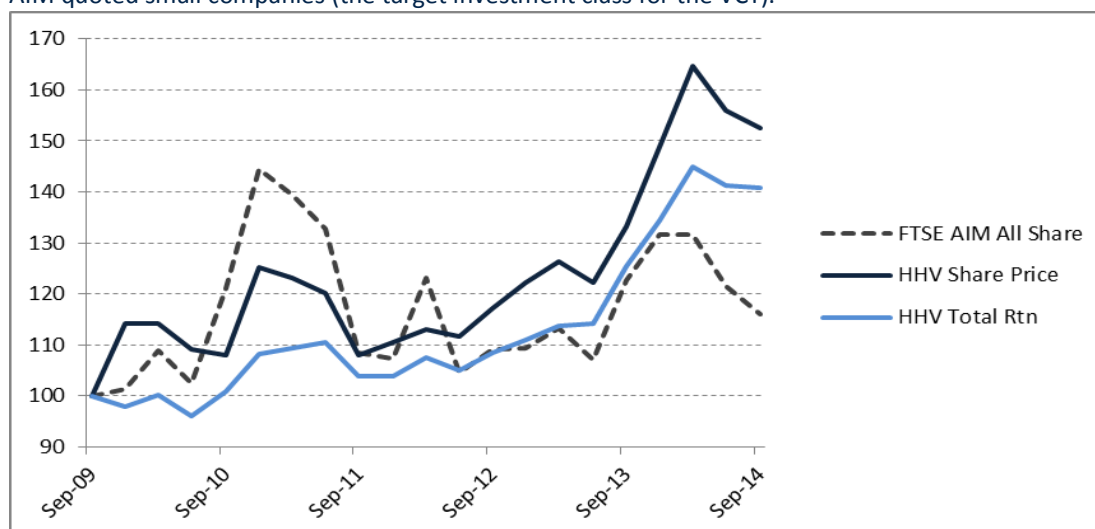
Fees for the Directors are determined by the Board within the limits stated in the Company's Articles of Association. The maximum permitted by the Company's Articles of Association is £200,000 per annum. The Directors are not eligible for bonuses, pension benefits, share options or other incentives or benefits.

Directors' Service Contracts

It is the Board's policy that none of the Directors has a service contract. Each of the Directors has entered into an agreement with the Company when appointed. Sir Aubrey Brocklebank was appointed on 10 September 2004, Giles Hargreave who was appointed on 12 August 2009 when an agreement was made with Hargreave Hale Limited to provide the directorship service and David Brock was appointed on 28 September 2010. The terms of appointment provide that a Director shall retire and be subject to re-election at the first annual general meeting after appointment and at least every three years thereafter. In accordance with listing rule 15.2.13A, Giles Hargreave shall retire and be subject to re-election on an annual basis as he is a Director of the VCT and the manager. Either party can terminate the agreement by giving to the other at least 3 months notice in writing.

Your Company's Performance

The Company was incorporated on 16 August 2004 and commenced trading on 29 October 2004. The performance chart below charts the Company's Ordinary share NAV (total return) and share price over the last 5 years from 30 September 2009 to 30 September 2014 (rebased to 100 at 30 September 2009) compared to the total return of a notional investment in the FTSE AIM All-share Index over the same period. The graph has been plotted at intervals of 3 months. This index was chosen for comparison purposes as it represents a comparable broad equity market index for AIM quoted small companies (the target investment class for the VCT).



Under CA06 s 439 the rules require companies to ask shareholders to approve the annual remuneration paid to directors every year and to formally approve the Directors Remuneration Policy on a yearly or on a three yearly basis. Any change to the Directors Remuneration Policy will require shareholder approval. The vote on the Directors remuneration report is, as previously an advisory note, whilst the vote on the Directors remuneration report is a binding one. Accordingly ordinary resolutions will be put to shareholders at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting to be held 22 January 2015, to receive and adopt the Directors remuneration report and to receive and approve the Directors remuneration policy.

Emoluments for the Year (audited)

The Directors who served during the year received the following emoluments:

	2014	2014	2014	2013	2013	2013
	Fees	Benefits in Kind	Total	Fees	Benefits in Kind	Total
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Sir Aubrey Brocklebank Bt (Chairman)	18,000	-	18,000	18,000	-	18,000
Giles Hargreave	15,000	-	15,000	15,000	-	15,000
David Brock	15,000	-	15,000	15,000	-	15,000
Total	48,000	-	48,000	48,000	-	48,000

The Directors fees have not increased in the year.

Taxable Benefits (audited)

The Directors who served during the year received no taxable benefits in the year.

Variable Pay (audited)

The Directors who served during the year received no variable pay relating to the performance of the Company in the year. The Company does not adopt a policy rewarding Directors where vesting becomes effective over multiple reporting periods.

Pension Benefits (audited)

The Directors who served during the year received no pension benefits in the year.

Approval

The Directors' Remuneration Report on pages 22 and 23 was approved by the Board of Directors on 17 December 2014 and will be further subject to a binding vote at the AGM being held on the 22 January 2015 and every year thereafter.

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sir Aubrey Brocklebank
Chairman

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Directors' Statement of Compliance with the UK Corporate Governance Code on Corporate Governance ("the Code").

The Principles

The Board has put in place arrangements which it considers appropriate for a VCT to ensure proper corporate governance.

During the year under review, the Board considers that the Company has complied with the recommendations of the Code except as disclosed below.

The Board comprises three Directors, all of whom are non-executive and all of whom are considered independent of the Investment Manager with the exception of Giles Hargreave. Giles Hargreave is Chairman of Hargreave Hale Limited and is not therefore independent of the Investment Manager.

The Directors have a range of business, financial and asset management skills and experiences relevant to the direction and control of the Company. Brief biographical details of the members of the Board are shown on Page 6.

The Chairman is Sir Aubrey Brocklebank, a non-executive Director, who has no conflicting relationships. Since all Directors are non-executive and day to day management responsibilities are sub-contracted to the Investment Manager and Administrator, the Company does not have a Chief Executive Officer, as the roles are already effectively separated.

The Administrator ensures the Directors have timely access to all relevant management, financial and regulatory information to enable informed decisions to be made. The Board meets on a regular basis at least four times each year and additional meetings are arranged as necessary. Regular contact is maintained between the Investment Manager and the Board outside of formal meetings.

Board meetings follow a formal agenda, which includes a review of investment portfolio with a report from the Investment Manager on the current investment position and outlook, strategic direction, performance against stock market indices and the Company's peer group, cash management, revenue forecasts for the financial year, marketing and shareholder relations, corporate governance and industry and other issues.

Due to the size of the Board, the Board has not set up a separate Nomination and Remuneration Committees (as required by Code B.2.1 and D2.1 respectively) on the grounds that the Board as a whole considers these matters. As all Directors are non-executives, the Board has not appointed a senior independent non-executive Director (Code A.4.1) as the Chairman performs the role.

Board Responsibilities

The Directors have adopted a formal schedule of matters reserved for the Board that cannot be delegated to a committee or to any other party. These reserved matters include approval of annual and half yearly reports and accounts, circulars and other shareholder communications, appointment and removal of Board members and Officers of the Company, changes to the Company's objectives and accounting policies, and the use of gearing for investment purposes.

The Directors have delegated to the Investment Manager responsibility for the day to day investment management decisions of the Company. The provision of administration and custodian services has been delegated to Hargreave Hale Limited.

Company Secretary

The Board has direct access to the Company Secretary who is responsible for ensuring that the Board procedures are followed. The Company Secretary is also responsible for ensuring the timely delivery of information and reports and that the statutory obligations of the Company are met.

Nomination Responsibilities

All nomination responsibilities are carried out by the Board. These responsibilities include reviewing the size, structure and skills of the Board and considering any changes necessary or new appointments. No Director has a contract of employment with the Company.

The Articles of Association require that each Director retires and stands for election at the Company's first AGM and then retires at an AGM every three years after appointment or (as the case may be) last reappointment, and may offer himself for re-election. No Director serves a term of more than three years before re-election.

Giles Hargreave is required to stand for election at this year's AGM. The Chairman confirms that the performance of all Directors continues to be effective and demonstrates commitment to their respective roles.

The Articles of Association of the Company and the Directors' letter of appointment will be available at the AGM and can be inspected at the Registered Office of the Company.

Directors' Induction

On appointment to the Board Directors are fully briefed as to their responsibilities and are kept regularly informed of industry and regulatory developments.

The Board has formalised arrangements under which the Directors in the furtherance of their duties, may seek independent professional advice at the expense of the Company. The Company also maintains Directors and officer's liability insurance to cover legal expenses.

Directors' Remuneration

The Board as a whole reviews Directors' remuneration on a regular basis. Details of the Company's policy on Directors' remuneration and of payments to Directors are given in the Directors' Remuneration Report on pages 22 and 23.

Accountability and Audit

The Directors' responsibilities for the Company's accounting records and financial statements are set out on page 29. The Auditors' Report appears on pages 30 to 32.

Performance Appraisal

The Directors recognise the importance of the Code (Code B.6) in terms of evaluating the performance of the Board as a whole and the individual Directors. As the Directors of the Company are non-executive their role is to ensure that the Company is managed by the Investment Manager and Administrator to the best of their ability and make changes to the management if they are not acting in the best interests of the shareholders. The Directors' role is to review the performance of the management and ensure this is the case. The Directors' performance is reviewed on an ongoing basis by the Board on attendance to Board meetings, input at the Board meetings and ability to continue in their role as a non-executive Director of the Company. This is formalised in the retirement process as detailed in the Articles of Association where each Director retires every 3 years and stands for re-election by the shareholders at the AGM.

The Company circulates an Annual Board Evaluation Questionnaire for each Director to complete covering performance appraisal of the Board, the Chairman and Directors'. The questionnaires were completed during the year and on review the Board is satisfied with the results and finds that the Board, Chairman and Directors are suitably qualified to undertake their responsibilities and perform their duties in respect of managing the Company.

Audit Committee

The Committee consists of two members appointed by the Board, these members are David Brock (Chairman) and Sir Aubrey Brocklebank. The Terms of Reference for the Committee setting out roles and responsibilities (Code C.3.2) were approved at the Board Meeting on 10 February 2011. The responsibilities of the Committee are as follows:-

- To review, and challenge where necessary, the actions and judgements of management in relation to the Company's financial statements, interim reports, preliminary announcements and related formal statements before submission to, and approval by, the Board, and before clearance by the auditors. Particular attention should be paid to:
 - Critical accounting policies and practices, and any changes in them;
 - The clarity of disclosures;
 - Compliance with accounting standards; and
 - Compliance with stock exchange and other legal requirements
- To review effectiveness of the systems for internal financial control;
- To monitor the integrity of the Company's internal financial controls;
- To review the effectiveness of payment authorisation controls;
- To monitor the integrity of safe custody arrangements;
- To consider annually whether there is a need for an internal audit function where no such function exists;
- To oversee the Company's relations with the external auditor;
- To consider, and make recommendations on the appointment, reappointment and removal of the external auditor;
- To assess the effectiveness and independence of the external auditors annually;
- To consider recommendations raised by the external auditors in their management letters; and
- To consider other topics, as defined by the board.

The Committee reviews its terms of reference and its effectiveness annually and recommends to the Board any changes post review. The terms of reference are available on the Company's website <http://www.hargreave-hale.co.uk/fund->

[management/venture-capital-trusts/hargreave-hale-aim-vct-1/](#) and by request from the Company Secretary. The Audit Committee ordinarily meets twice a year and has direct access to BDO LLP, the Company's external Auditor. The Board considers that the members of the Committee are both independent and collectively have the skills and experience to discharge their duties effectively, and that the Chairman of the Committee meets the requirements of the UK Corporate Governance Code as to recent and relevant financial experience.

During the year ended 30 September 2014 the Audit Committee discharged its responsibilities by:

- Reviewing the Company's draft annual and half yearly results statements, interim managers statements, and the proposed fair value of investments as determined by the Investment Management Company;
- Reviewing the Company's accounting policies;
- Reviewing the Audit Committee report on the financial statements;
- Ongoing review of the internal controls within the Investment Management company and assessing the effectiveness of those controls in minimising the impact of key risks;
- Reviewing the Company's on-going compliance procedures and effectiveness of those procedures in minimising the impact of key risks;
- Reviewing and approving the external Auditors terms of engagement, remuneration and independence; and
- Recommending to the Board and shareholders the ongoing appointment of BDO LLP.

The key areas of risk identified by the Audit Committee in relation to the business activities and financial statements of the company are as follows:

- Compliance with HM Revenue & Customs to maintain the company's VCT status
- Fluctuations in the value of investments
- Valuation and existence of unquoted investments.

These issues were discussed with the Investment Manager and the Auditor at the pre- year end audit planning meeting and at the Board meeting pre sign off of the financial statements, the Committee concluded:

- **Venture Capital status;** the Investment Manager confirmed to the Audit committee that the conditions for maintaining the Company's status had been complied with throughout the year. The Company's status is also reviewed by the Company's tax advisors Pricewaterhouse Coopers LLP and further half yearly reconciliations are carried out. The Committee reviewed the reports and were satisfied with the reports produced.
- **Fluctuations in the value of investments;** the Committee reviewed the Company's portfolio and were satisfied that the maximum exposure to a single qualifying investment was less than 15% of net assets.
- **Valuation and existence of unquoted investments;** the Investment Manager and the Auditor confirmed to the Audit Committee that the basis of valuation for unquoted companies was consistent with the prior year. The Auditor agrees all investments for ownership to a third party source.

The Investment Manager and the Company's Auditor confirmed to the Audit Committee that they were not aware of any material misstatements to the financial statements. Having reviewed the financial statements and the report produced by the auditor, the Audit Committee were satisfied that key areas of risks and judgement were appropriately addressed.

As part of the review of Auditor effectiveness and independence, BDO LLP confirmed it is independent to the company and continues to comply with applicable audit standards. In accordance with professional guidelines, the Audit partner is rotated every 5 years.

Having carried out its review the Audit Committee is satisfied BDO LLP have remained independent and effective in carrying out its responsibilities up to the date of signing this report and that it would not be appropriate to put the audit appointment out to tender at the present time.

Capital Structure

The Company's capital structure is summarised in Note 1 to the accounts.

Internal Financial and Non-Financial Controls

The Directors acknowledge that they are responsible for the Company's systems of internal financial and non-financial controls, which have been in place throughout the year. The controls are operating effectively and continue to be in place up to the date of this report.

The effectiveness of the Company's operations are reviewed annually by the Board and accords with the guidance set out in the Turnbull Report. In particular, it has reviewed the process for identifying and evaluating the significant risks affecting the Company and the policies and procedures by which these risks are managed.

A detailed risk map has been prepared which identifies the significant risks faced by the Company and the key controls to manage these risks. This ensures that consideration is given regularly to the nature and extent of the risks facing the Company and that they are being actively monitored. Where changes in risk have been identified during the year they also provide a mechanism to assess whether further action is required to manage the risks identified.

Since Investment management, custody of assets and all administrative services are provided by a third party, the Company's system of internal control also includes the monitoring of services provided by the third party, including the operational controls maintained by them, to ensure they meet the Company's objectives.

Since the appointment of Hargreave Hale Limited as Administrators the method of controlling company payments has changed. All Directors and the Company Secretary are authorised signatories, with cheques to be signed by two independent signatories. These being Sir Aubrey Brocklebank, David Brock and either Giles Hargreave or Stuart Brookes to ensure payments are authorised by two independent persons as Giles and Stuart are not independent. Electronic payments can be authorised by the Stuart Brookes (Company Secretary) up to £10,000, anything above this amount must be dual authorised by Sir Aubrey Brocklebank (Chairman).

The control systems have been designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss and to manage, rather than eliminate, risk of failure to achieve business objectives.

Internal Audit Function

The Company does not have an internal audit function. All of the Company's Management functions (investment management, custody and administration) are performed by Hargreave Hale Limited and are segregated by department and location. The internal controls of Hargreave Hale Limited are reviewed and approved by the Board. It is therefore felt that there is no need for the Company to have an internal audit function, however, this will be reviewed annually.

Auditor's Non-Audit Service

During the year no fees were paid for non-audit services (2013 - £nil).

Attendance at Board Meetings

All the Directors are considered to have a good attendance record at Board meetings of the Company. The following table sets out the number of formal Board meetings held during the year under review and the number of meetings attended by each Director.

	Ordinary Business	
	No of Board Meetings	
	Held	Attended
Sir Aubrey Brocklebank Bt (Chairman)	4	4
Giles Hargreave	4	3
David Brock	4	4
	Fundraising and Share Allotments	
	No of Board Meetings	
	Held	Attended
Sir Aubrey Brocklebank Bt (Chairman)	26	26
Giles Hargreave	26	25
David Brock	26	10
	No of Audit Meetings	
	Held	Attended
Sir Aubrey Brocklebank Bt (Chairman)	2	2
David Brock	2	2

Relations with Shareholders

Shareholder relations are given high priority by the Board. The prime medium by which the Company communicates with shareholders is through the Interim and Annual Report and Accounts, which aim to provide shareholders with a full understanding of the Company's activities and its results. This information is supplemented by the weekly calculation of the net asset value of the Company's ordinary shares, which is published via the Stock Exchange and on our website at <http://www.hargreave-hale.co.uk/fund-management/venture-capital-trusts/hargreave-hale-aim-vct-1/share-price-and-nav/>. Shareholders have the opportunity to communicate directly with the Board at the AGM. All shareholders are encouraged to attend the AGM.

Amendments of articles of association

The Company's articles of association may be amended by the members of the company by special resolution (requiring a majority of at least 75% of the persons voting on the relevant resolution).

Going Concern

After making enquires, the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For this reason, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

Approved on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sir Aubrey Brocklebank Bt

Chairman

Date: 17 December 2014

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

In respect of the financial statements

The Directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Directors are required to prepare the financial statements and have elected to prepare the Company's financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under Company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss for the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare a Directors' report and Directors' remuneration report which comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Directors' responsibility statement pursuant to DT4

The Directors confirm to the best of their knowledge:

- The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice and give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit and loss of the Company.
- The annual report includes a fair review of the development and performance of the business and the financial position of the Company, together with a description of the principal risks and uncertainties that it faces.

Website publication

The Directors are responsible for ensuring the annual report and the financial statements are made available on a website. Financial statements are published on the Company's website in accordance with legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements, which may vary from legislation in other jurisdictions. The maintenance and integrity of the Company's website is the responsibility of the Directors. The Directors' responsibility also extends to the ongoing integrity of the financial statements contained therein.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of Hargreave Hale AIM VCT 1 plc

We have audited the financial statements of Hargreave Hale AIM VCT 1 plc for the year ended 30 September 2014 which comprise the income statement, the balance sheet, the cash flow statement, the reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 September 2014 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Our assessment of risks of material misstatement

We identified the following risk that we consider to have had the greatest impact on our audit strategy and scope:

- The assessment of the carrying value of investments, particularly unquoted investments. This is a key accounting estimate where there is an inherent risk of management override arising from the investment valuations being prepared by the Investment Manager, who is remunerated based on the net asset value of the funds, derived using those valuations.
- We challenged the assumptions inherent in the valuation of unquoted investments by comparing inputs used in the valuation models of these investments to multiples which are derived from stock market trading in shares in entities that are considered to be comparable to the unquoted investments held by the reporting entity. We have reviewed the recent published trading reports for the unquoted investments and considered differences between forecast and actual results. Where a recent transaction is used to value any unquoted investments, we obtained an understanding of the circumstances surrounding those transactions and whether they were considered to be on an arms-length basis. We have also reviewed disclosures made in the financial statements.
- We also tested the pricing of quoted investments to independent sources.

The Audit Committee's consideration of this key issue is set out on pages 25 to 27.

Purpose of this report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the statement of directors' responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Financial Reporting Council's (FRC's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the FRC's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate. Our audit approach was based on a thorough understanding of the company's business and is risk based. Audit work to respond to the risks of material misstatement was performed directly by the audit engagement team.

We apply the concept of materiality both in planning and performing our audit, and in evaluating the effect of misstatements. For planning, we consider materiality to be the magnitude by which misstatements, including omissions, could influence the economic decisions of reasonable users, that are taken on the basis of the financial statements. In order to reduce to an appropriately low level the probability that any misstatements exceed materiality we use a lower materiality level, performance materiality, to determine the extent of testing needed. Importantly, misstatements below these levels will not necessarily be evaluated as immaterial as we also take account of the nature of identified misstatements, and the particular circumstances of their occurrence, when evaluating their effect on the Financial Statements.

We determined materiality for the financial statements as a whole to be £586,000. In determining this, we based our assessment on a level of 2% of net assets which reflects the underlying level of precision within the valuation of the investment portfolio and the range of reasonably possible alternative valuations that could be expected to apply to all investments.

International Standards on Auditing (UK & Ireland) also allow the auditor to set a lower materiality for particular classes of transaction, balances or disclosures for which misstatements of lesser amounts than materiality for the financial statements as a whole could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements. In this context, we set a lower level of materiality to apply to those classes of transactions and balances which impact on the costs and the net revenue returns of the company. We determined materiality for this area to be £13,200.

We agreed with the Audit Committee that we would report to the Committee all audit differences in excess of £11,700, as well as differences below that threshold affecting the net revenue returns or that, in our view, warranted reporting on qualitative grounds.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion:

- the part of the directors' remuneration report to be audited has been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006;
- the information given in the strategic report and directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the information given in the corporate governance statement set out on pages 24 to 28 of the annual report with respect to internal control and risk management systems in relation to financial reporting processes and about share capital structures is consistent with the financial statements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the ISAs (UK and Ireland), we are required to report to you if, in our opinion, information in the annual report is:

- materially inconsistent with the information in the audited financial statements; or
- apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, our knowledge of the company acquired in the course of performing our audit; or
- is otherwise misleading.

In particular, we are required to consider whether we have identified any inconsistencies between our knowledge acquired during the audit and the directors' statement that they consider the annual report is fair, balanced and understandable and whether the annual report appropriately discloses those matters that we communicated to the Audit Committee which we consider should have been disclosed.

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements and the part of the directors' remuneration report to be audited are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- a corporate governance statement has not been prepared by the company.

Under the Listing Rules we are required to review:

- the directors' statement, set out on page 28, in relation to going concern and
- the part of the corporate governance statement relating to the company's compliance with the nine provisions of the UK Corporate Governance Code specified for our review.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

Michelle Carroll (senior statutory auditor)

For and on behalf of BDO LLP, statutory auditor

London

United Kingdom

Date: 17 December 2014

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127).

INCOME STATEMENT

For the year ended 30 September 2014

	Note	Revenue £000	Capital £000	Total £000
Net gain on investments held at fair value through profit or loss	7	-	3,953	3,953
Income	2	230	-	230
		-----	-----	-----
		230	3,953	4,183
		-----	-----	-----
Management fee	3	(101)	(302)	(403)
Other expenses	4	(266)	-	(266)
		-----	-----	-----
		(367)	(302)	(669)
		-----	-----	-----
(Loss)/Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		(137)	3,651	3,514
Taxation	5	-	-	-
		-----	-----	-----
(Loss)/Profit after taxation		(137)	3,651	3,514
		-----	-----	-----
(Loss)/Profit per share (pence)	6	(0.41)	10.91	10.50
		-----	-----	-----

INCOME STATEMENT

For the year ended 30 September 2013

	Note	Revenue £000	Capital £000	Total £000
Net gain on investments held at fair value through profit or loss	7	-	3,910	3,910
Income	2	213	-	213
		-----	-----	-----
		213	3,910	4,123
		-----	-----	-----
Management fee	3	(65)	(194)	(259)
Other expenses	4	(212)	-	(212)
		-----	-----	-----
		(277)	(194)	(471)
		-----	-----	-----
(Loss)/Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		(64)	3,716	3,652
Taxation	5	-	-	-
		-----	-----	-----
(Loss)/Profit after taxation		(64)	3,716	3,652
		-----	-----	-----
(Loss)/Profit per share (pence)	6	(0.24)	14.05	13.81
		-----	-----	-----

The total column of these statements is the income statement of the Company. All revenue and capital items in the above statement derive from continuing operations. There are no recognised gains or losses other than the profit for the year.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

BALANCE SHEET

As at 30 September 2014

Company registration number: 5206425
(in England and Wales)

	Note	2014 £000	2013 £000
Fixed assets			
Investments at fair value through profit or loss	7	26,248 -----	18,000 -----
Current assets			
Debtors	9	35	32
Cash at bank	12	3,203 -----	2,077 -----
		3,238	2,109
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	10	(193) -----	(179) -----
Net current assets		3,045 -----	1,930 -----
Net assets		29,293 -----	19,930 -----
Capital and Reserves			
Called up share capital	11	365	304
Share Premium		1,308	9,186
Special reserve		24,734	10,188
Capital reserve – realised		(4,917)	(5,606)
Capital reserve – unrealised		7,958	4,996
Revenue reserve		(159)	(22)
Capital redemption reserve		4	884
Equity shareholders' funds		29,293 -----	19,930 -----
Net asset value per share	13	80.31p	71.87p

These financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 17 December 2014 and signed on its behalf by

Sir Aubrey Brocklebank Bt
Chairman

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

For the year ending 30 September 2014

	Note	2014	2013
		£000	£000
Net cash (outflow) from operating activities	15	(428)	(256)
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from investment activities	15	(4,295)	531
Dividends paid	18	(1,320)	(853)
		-----	-----
		(6,043)	(578)
Net cash inflow from financing activities	15	7,169	1,792
		-----	-----
Increase in cash	12	1,126	1,214
		-----	-----

RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

For the year ending 30 September 2014

	Share Capital £000	Share Premium £000	Capital Redemption Reserve £000	Capital Reserve Realised £000	Capital Reserve Unrealised £000	Special Reserve £000	Revenue Reserve £000	Total £000
At 1 October 2013	304	9,186	884	(5,606)	4,996	10,188	(22)	19,930
Share buybacks	(32)		32			(409)		(409)
Subscriptions	93	7,485						7,578
Capital Reduction		(15,363)	(912)			16,275		-
Equity dividends paid (Note 18)						(1,320)		(1,320)
Realised gains on investments				991				991
Unrealised gains on investments					2,962			2,962
Management fee charged to capital				(302)				(302)
Revenue loss after taxation for the year							(137)	(137)
Total profit after taxation				689	2,962		(137)	3,514
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
At 30 September 2014	365	1,308	4	(4,917)	7,958	24,734	(159)	29,293
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----

Reserves available for distribution are capital reserve realised, special reserve and revenue reserve.

RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

For the year ending 30 September 2013

	Share Capital £000	Share Premium £000	Capital Redemption Reserve £000	Capital Reserve Realised £000	Capital Reserve Unrealised £000	Special Reserve £000	Revenue Reserve £000	Total £000
At 1 October 2012	277	6,667	871	(5,786)	1,460	11,808	42	15,339
Share buybacks	(13)	-	13	-	-	(767)	-	(767)
Subscriptions	40	2,519	-	-	-	-	-	2,559
Equity dividends paid (Note 18)	-	-	-	-	-	(853)	-	(853)
Realised gains on investments	-	-	-	374	-	-	-	374
Unrealised gains on investments	-	-	-	-	3,536	-	-	3,536
Management fee charged to capital	-	-	-	(194)	-	-	-	(194)
Revenue loss after taxation for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	(64)	(64)
Total profit after taxation	-	-	-	180	3,536	-	(64)	3,652
At 30 September 2013	304	9,186	884	(5,606)	4,996	10,188	(22)	19,930

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Accounting Policies

A summary of the principal accounting policies, all of which have been applied consistently throughout the year, is set out below:

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for the revaluation of certain financial instruments, and in accordance with UK GAAP and with the Statement of Recommended Practice (SORP) for “Financial Statements of Investment Trust Companies” issued in January 2009.

Investments

Listed investments and investments traded on AIM are stated at closing bid market prices. Investments are recognised and derecognised at trade date where a purchase or sale is under a contract whose terms require delivery within the time frame established by the market concerned, and are measured initially at fair value.

These investments will be managed and their performance evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with a documented investment strategy and information about them is provided internally on that basis to the Board. Accordingly, as permitted by FRS 26, the investments are designated as fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) on the basis that they qualify as a group of assets managed, and whose performance is evaluated, on a fair value basis in accordance with a documented investment strategy. Subsequent to initial recognition, investments are valued at fair value which is deemed to be bid market prices.

Gains and losses arising from changes in fair value (realised and unrealised) are included in the net profit or loss for the period as a capital item in the Income Statement and are ultimately recognised in the unrealised capital reserve or realised capital reserve (as appropriate).

Recognition of impairment and realised losses

If an investment has been impaired such that there is no realistic expectation that there will be a full return from the investment, the loss is treated as a permanent impairment and is recognised as a realised loss in the financial statements.

Determining fair value

Where the classification of a financial instrument requires it to be stated at fair value, this is determined by reference to the quoted bid price in an active market wherever possible. Where no such active market exists for the particular asset or liability, the Company uses a valuation technique to arrive at the fair value, including the use of prices obtained in recent arms length transactions, discounted cash flow analysis and other valuation techniques commonly used by market participants. The fair value of such assets or liabilities will be reviewed on a 6 monthly basis and more frequently if events occur that could have a material impact on the investment. All inputs are market observable (with the exception of level 3 financial instruments Note 7).

Income

Equity dividends are taken into account on the ex-dividend date, net of any associated tax credit. Fixed returns on non-equity shares and debt securities are recognised on a time apportionment basis so as to reflect the effective yield, provided there is no reasonable doubt that payment will be received in due course. All other income, including deposit interest receivable, is recognised on an accruals basis.

Expenditure

All expenditure is accounted for on an accruals basis. 75% of investment management fees are allocated to the capital reserve – realised and 25% to the revenue account in line with the Board’s expected long term split of investment returns in the form of capital gains to the capital column of the Income statement. All other expenditure is charged to the revenue account.

Capital Reserves

Realised profits and losses on the disposal of investments, losses realised on investments considered to be permanently impaired and 75% of Investment Management fees are accounted for in the Capital Reserve – realised.

Increases and decreases in the valuation of investments held at the year end are accounted for in the Capital Reserve – unrealised.

1. Accounting Policies (continued)

Taxation

The tax effect of expenditure is allocated between capital and revenue on the same basis as the particular item to which it relates, using the Company's effective rate of tax for the accounting year. Any liability to corporation tax is based on net revenue for the year.

Dividends

Only dividends paid during the year are deducted from revenue or capital reserves. Dividends which are declared subsequent to the balance sheet date will not be shown as a liability in the balance sheet.

Functional Currency

In accordance with FRS 23: 'The Effects of Changes in Foreign Currency', the Company is required to nominate a functional currency, being the currency in which the Company predominantly operates. The Board has determined that sterling is the Company's functional currency. Sterling is also the currency in which these accounts are presented.

Repurchase of shares to hold in Treasury

The cost of repurchasing shares into Treasury, including the related stamp duty and transaction costs is charged to capital reserves and dealt with in The Reconciliation of Movements in Shareholder's Funds. Share repurchase transactions are accounted for on a trade date basis. Where shares held in Treasury are subsequently cancelled, the nominal value of those shares is transferred out of share capital and into capital redemption reserve.

Should shares held in Treasury be reissued, the sale proceeds will be treated as a realised profit up to the amount of the purchase price of those shares and will be transferred to capital reserves. The excess of the sale proceeds over the purchase price will be transferred to share premium.

Capital Structure

Share Capital

Ordinary shares are classed as equity. The ordinary shares in issue have a nominal value of one pence and carry one vote each. Substantial holdings in the Company are disclosed in the Directors report on page 18.

Reserves

A description of each of the reserves follows:

Special Reserve

Distributable reserve used to pay dividends and re-purchase shares under the buy back facility.

Capital Reserve Realised

Gains and losses on realisation of investments.

Capital Reserve Unrealised

Unrealised gains and losses on investments.

Revenue Reserve

Net revenue profits and losses of the Company.

Share Premium

This reserve represents the difference between the issue price of shares and the nominal value of shares at the date of issue, net of related issue costs.

Capital Redemption Reserve

This reserve is used for the cancellation of shares bought back under the buy back facility.

2. Income

	2014 £000	2013 £000
Income from investments:		
UK dividends	169	148
Unfranked investment income	57	61
	-----	-----
	226	209
Other income:		
Deposit interest	4	4
	-----	-----
Total income	230	213
	-----	-----

3. Management Fees

	2014 Revenue £000	2014 Capital £000	2014 Total £000	2013 Revenue £000	2013 Capital £000	2013 Total £000
Management fees	101	302	403	65	194	259
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
	101	302	403	65	194	259
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----

The Company's Investment Manager is Hargreave Hale Limited. The Investment Management Agreement terminates on a 12 calendar months' notice, subject to earlier termination in certain circumstances. No notice had been given by the Investment Manager or by the Board to terminate the agreement as at the date of approval of these accounts.

The Investment Manager receives an investment fee of 1.5 per cent. per annum of the net asset value of the Company, calculated and payable quarterly in arrears. At 30 September 2014, £35,751 (2013 – £24,473) was owed in respect of management fees.

A performance related incentive fee will be payable at the rate of 20 per cent. of any dividends paid to shareholders in excess of 6p per ordinary share per annum, provided that the net asset value per share is at least 95p. A payment will be made after 30 September 2014 provided cumulative distributions in the preceding three accounting periods exceed 18p per ordinary share. Thereafter, a performance related incentive fee will be payable annually provided the hurdles have been exceeded, with any cumulative shortfalls below 6p per ordinary share having to be made up in subsequent years before the incentive fee becomes payable. No performance related incentive fee is payable as at 30 September 2014.

4. Other Expenses

	2014 £000	2013 £000
General expenses:		
Administration Fee	35	35
Legal & Professional	28	9
Other expenses	139	107
Directors' fees	48	48
Auditors' remuneration		
- for audit services	16	13
	-----	-----
	266	212
	-----	-----

The maximum aggregate Directors' emoluments authorised by the Articles of Association are £200,000 per annum. Future director emoluments will be subject to a binding vote at the next AGM and will be reviewed annually thereafter.

5. Tax on ordinary activities

The tax charge for the year is based on the standard rate of UK Corporation Tax of 22%.

	2014	2013
	Total	Total
	£000	£000
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	3,514	1,010
	-----	-----
UK Corporation Tax 22% (2013 – 23.5%)	773	232
Effect of non taxable gains/losses on investments	(870)	(899)
Effect of non taxable UK dividend income	(37)	(34)
Effect of current year losses carried forward	134	(701)
	-----	-----
Current tax charge	-	-
	-----	-----

Tax losses carried forward at the balance sheet date were £2,413,828 (2013 - £1,805,824).

There is no taxation charge in relation to capital gains or losses. No asset or liability has been recognised in relation to capital gains or losses on revaluing investments. The Company is exempt from such tax as a result of its intention to maintain its status as a Venture Capital Trust.

6. Earnings per share

	2014	2014	2014	2013	2013	2013
	Revenue	Capital	Total	Revenue	Capital	Total
	pence	pence	pence	pence	pence	pence
Return gain per ordinary share: - basic	(0.41p)	10.91p	10.50p	(0.24p)	14.05p	13.81p
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----

Revenue return per ordinary share based on a net revenue loss on ordinary activities after taxation of £136,659 (2013 - £63,935 loss) and on 33,452,489 (2013 – 26,446,613) ordinary shares, being the average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

Capital return per ordinary share based on a net capital profit of £3,650,579 (2013 – £3,715,983) for the year and on 33,452,489 (2013 – 26,446,613) ordinary shares, being the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

7. Investments

	AIM Quoted		Unquoted		Other Quoted		Total	
	Investments		Investments		Investments		Investments	
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Investments	23,462	16,391	1,989	819	797	790	26,248	18,000
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Movement in year:								
Opening Valuation	16,391	12,611	819	614	790	1,396	18,000	14,621
Re-Classification	-	300	-	(300)	-	-	-	-
In administration	-	(240)	-	-	-	-	-	(240)
Purchases at cost	7,593	2,805	2,449	630	-	-	10,042	3,435
Sales - proceeds	(3,836)	(3,355)	(1,911)	-	-	(611)	(5,747)	(3,966)
Realised gains / (losses)	1,149	494	(158)	-	-	119	991	613
Unrealised gains / (losses)	2,165	3,776	790	(125)	7	(114)	2,962	3,537
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Closing valuation	23,462	16,391	1,989	819	797	790	26,248	18,000
Closing book cost	15,926	11,020	1,619	1,238	745	745	18,290	13,003
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Closing unrealised	7,536	5,371	370	(419)	52	45	7,958	4,997

Realised (loss)/gain on sales	1,149	254	(158)	-	-	119	991	373
Unrealised gain/(loss) on investments	2,165	3,776	790	(125)	7	(114)	2,962	3,537
Gain/(loss) on investments	3,314	4,030	632	(125)	7	5	3,953	3,910

Fair value measurement hierarchy

FRS 29 requires certain disclosures which require the classification of financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value using a fair value hierarchy that reflects significance of the inputs used in making the fair value measurement. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1);
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices) (Level 2); and
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) (Level 3).

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the financial asset or financial liability is categorised is determined on the basis of the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Financial assets and financial liabilities are classified in their entirety into one of the 3 levels.

Level 3 financial instruments are valued using the most recent transactions based on arm's length basis. In addition we consider discounted cash flow analysis based on the most recent companies management accounts and anticipated future performance.

Level 3: the fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example investments in unquoted companies) is determined by using valuation techniques such as earnings multiples. If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3.

Mexican Grill Limited (unquoted)

The fair value of the investment has been increased to £85.50 to reflect the transfer price of the most recent transaction in the shares (on an arm's length basis) in December 2014.

The valuation is tested against a peer group by comparing the EV/EBITDA ratios in the current financial year, although we note the limited number of listed comparators of an equivalent size and maturity.

Brigantes Energy (unquoted)

The fair value of the investment has been appraised to 25p. The revaluation from 50p to 25p during the year has been made to reflect an increased risk to the exploration programme in Northern Ireland that has arisen as a result of funding challenges faced by other license partners.

Corfe Energy (unquoted)

The fair value of the investment approximates its initial purchase cost.

Invocas Group (unquoted)

The fair value of the investment has been written down to nil on the basis that the company is cash constrained and is at risk of failure.

Infoserve Group (unquoted)

The fair value of the investment has been written down to 0p. The company is heavily indebted with weak cash flows and little prospect of a return to equity holders.

Nektan (unquoted)

The fair value of the investment was increased to reflect a successful equity fundraising at price of 144.5 pence per share. Subsequent to the year end, Nektan listed on AIM on 29 Oct 14 at 236 pence per share, raising a further £3.6m at the time of the IPO.

FC Fund Managers Ltd (unquoted)

The fair value of the investment is being held at book cost in accordance with EVCA guidelines for investments of less than one year.

Getlenses plc (unquoted)

The fair value of the investment is being held at book cost. The valuation was tested against a peer group by comparing the EV/EBITDA ratios in the current financial year and was found to be materially lower than the peer group. The manager notes the potential for a revaluation higher; however, the manager believes the investment should continue to be held at book cost because of short-term challenges within the acquired business (Vision Direct) that have reduced revenue expectations for the current year and beyond.

	2014 Level 1 £'000	2014 Level 2 £'000	2014 Level 3 £'000	2014 Total £'000	2013 Level 1 £'000	2013 Level 2 £'000	2013 Level 3 £'000	2013 Total £'000
Investments	24,259	285	1,704	26,248	17,181	217	602	18,000

Reconciliation of Level 2 Investments

	2014 £'000	2013 £'000
Balance Brought Forward	217	-
In Administration	-	-
Re-Classification	-	-
Acquisitions	1,944	200
Sale Proceeds	(1,910)	-
Realised Gains/Losses	42	-
Movements Unrealised	(8)	17
Balance Carried Forward	285	217

Reconciliation of Level 3 Investments

	2014 £'000	2013 £'000
Balance Brought Forward	602	614
In Administration *	-	-
Re-Classification **	-	(300)
Acquisitions	505	430
Sale Proceeds	-	-
Realised Gains/Losses	(200)	-
Movements Unrealised	797	(142)
Balance Carried Forward	1,704	602

* TMO which had been fully impaired to nil in the year ended 30 September 2013 went into administration in March 2014.

**The Re-Classification transfer represents Outsourcery Group which is now listed.

8. Significant Interests

At the year end the Company held 3% or more of the issued share capital of the following investments:

Imaginatik plc	7.69%
Mirada plc	3.11%
Mexican Grill Ltd plc	3.15%

9. Debtors

	2014 £000	2013 £000
Prepayments and accrued income	35	32

10. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2014	2013
	£000	£000
Trade Creditors	108	108
Accruals and deferred income	85	71
	-----	-----
	193	179
	-----	-----

11. Called up share capital

	2014	2013
	£000	£000
Allotted, called-up and fully paid: 36,473,134 (2013 – 30,441,322 – includes 2,711,134 shares held as treasury) ordinary shares of 1p Each.	365	304
	-----	-----

During the year 530,852 ordinary shares were purchased through the buy back facility at a cost of £409,177 of which all shares were cancelled.

11. Called up share capital

Income entitlement

The revenue earnings of the company are available for distribution to holders of Ordinary shares by way of interim, final and special dividends (if any) as may from time to time be declared by the Directors.

Capital entitlement

The capital reserve – realised and special reserve of the company are available for distribution to holders of Ordinary shares by way of interim, final and special dividends (if any) as may from time to time be declared by the Directors.

On a winding up of the Company, after settling the liabilities of the Company, holders of Ordinary shares would be entitled to receive a rateable proportion of any surplus assets depending on the amounts paid up or credited as paid up on their shares.

Voting entitlement

Each Ordinary shareholder is entitled to one vote on a show of hands, and on a poll to one vote for each Ordinary share held. Notices of Meetings and Proxy Forms set out the deadlines for valid exercise of voting rights and, other than with regard to Directors not being permitted to vote on matters upon which they have an interest, there are no restrictions on the voting rights of Ordinary shareholders.

Transfers

There are no restrictions on transfers except dealings by Directors, Persons Discharging Managerial Responsibilities and their connected persons which may constitute insider dealing or is prohibited by the rules of the UKLA.

The Company is not aware of any agreements with or between shareholders which restrict the transfer of Ordinary shares, or which would take effect or alter or terminate in the event of a change of control of the Company.

12. Analysis of changes in net funds

	At 1 October 2013	Cash Flows	At 30 September 2014
	£000	£000	£000
Cash at bank	2,077	1,126	3,203
	-----	-----	-----
	At 1 October 2012	Cash Flows	At 30 September 2013
	£000	£000	£000
Cash at bank	863	1,214	2,077
	-----	-----	-----

13. Net asset value per ordinary share

The net asset value per ordinary share and the net asset values attributable at the year end were as follows:

	Net asset value per share		Net assets attributable	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	pence	pence	£000	£000
Ordinary shares - Basic	80.31	71.87	29,293	19,930
	-----	-----	-----	-----

Net asset value per share is based on net assets at the year end and on 36,473,134 (2013 – 27,730,188 – Not including 2,711,134 shares held as treasury) ordinary shares being the number of shares in issue at year end.

14. Contingencies, guarantees and financial commitments

There were no contingencies, guarantees or financial commitments of the Company at the year end (2013 - nil).

15. Notes to the Cash Flow Statement

(a) Reconciliation of operating profit to operating cash flows

	2014	2013
	£000	£000
Total profit on ordinary activities before taxation	3,514	3,652
Realised (profit) on investments	(991)	(374)
Unrealised (profit) on investments	(2,962)	(3,536)
(Increase) in debtors	(3)	(4)
Increase in creditors	14	6
	-----	-----
Net cash (outflow) from operating activities	(428)	(256)
	-----	-----

(b) Analysis of cash flow for headings netted in cash flow statement

	2014	2013
	£000	£000
Net financial investment:		
Purchase of investments	(10,042)	(3,435)
Sale of investments	5,747	3,966
	-----	-----
	(4,295)	531
	-----	-----
	2014	2013
	£000	£000
Financing:		
Share Buybacks	(409)	(767)
Issue of Share Capital	7,578	2,559
	-----	-----
	7,169	1,792
	-----	-----

16. Related party transactions

Hargreave Hale Limited

Giles Hargreave, a director of the Company, is the Chairman of Hargreave Hale Limited and has an interest in excess of 7% in that company. As such, Hargreave Hale Limited is considered to be a related party to the Company. Hargreave Hale Limited acts as Investment Manager, Administrator, Custodian and provides Directorship and Company Secretarial Services to the Company. All of the functions performed by Hargreave Hale Limited are segregated by department and location and are independent of each other.

Hargreave Hale Limited in its capacity as Investment Manager of the fund receives annual fees of 1.5% per annum of the net asset value of the Company, calculated and payable quarterly in arrears. Fees for the year are £403,037 (2013 - £258,616) as detailed in Note 3. Hargreave Hale is responsible for Administration, Company Secretary, Directorship and Custodian services and received fees of £77,000 (2013- £77,000) in relation to these services. Of those fees, £48,585 (2013 - £14,280) was still owed at the year end.

Hargreave Hale Limited has agreed to indemnify the Company against annual running costs (such costs excluding VAT, any Performance Incentive Fee and any trail commissions the payment of which is the responsibility of the Company) exceeding 3.5% of its net assets. No fees have been waived by Hargreave Hale Limited since 1 October 2010 under the indemnity.

On the 2 October 2014 the Directors of Hargreave Hale AIM VCT 1 plc and Hargreave Hale AIM VCT 2 plc announced the launch of a new offer for subscription of new shares in both VCT's.

The offer for subscription was approved by shareholders of the Company at a General Meeting on 7 November 2014.

As a result of the previous offer which closed on 25 September 2014, 9,273,798 new Ordinary shares were issued by the Company raising gross proceeds of £7.73 million. The 3.5% premium of £270,678 was payable to Hargreave Hale Limited to cover the cost of additional shares allotted of £115,219 and introducer commission of £260 resulting in net fees payable to Hargreave Hale Limited of £155,199.

17. Financial instruments

a) Risk Management Policies and Procedures

The investment objective of the Company is to achieve long term capital growth and to maximise tax free distributions to shareholders by investing in a diversified portfolio of small capitalised UK companies primarily trading on AIM. At least 70% of the Company's funds have been invested in qualifying holdings during the year. The balance of the Company's fund will be invested in liquid assets (such as gilts, other fixed interest securities and bank deposits). The Company is managed as a Venture Capital Trust ("VCT") in order that shareholders in the Company may benefit from the tax relief available.

This strategy exposes the Company to certain risks which are summarised below.

The structure in place to manage these risks is set out in the Corporate Governance report on page 24 of the annual report and accounts. The Board meets quarterly to review accounts and monitor all risks.

A detailed review of the investment portfolio is contained in the Chairman's statement and Manager's report on pages 4 and 10 respectively.

The investments at year end comprise two types of financial instrument. The basis of valuation is set out below:

1. Equity – fair valued through the profit and loss account.
2. Corporate Bonds – fair value through the profit and loss account.

Other financial assets comprise cash at bank of £3,202,755 (2013 - £2,077,248). Cash at bank mainly consists of short term deposit accounts which are held at amortised cost. Financial liabilities consist of trade creditors and accruals of £193,263 (2013 - £178,356) which are classified as 'financial liabilities measured at amortised cost. There is no difference between the amortised cost and fair value of financial assets and liabilities at 30 September 2014.

b) Market Risk

Market price risk arises from any fluctuations in the value of investments held by the company. Adherence to investment policies mitigates the risk of excessive exposure to any particular type of security or issuer. In particular no more than 15% of the investment portfolio is invested in any one equity. However, by its nature the investments are in small companies traded on the AIM market therefore they carry a more risk than large capitalisation investment portfolios.

Market risk is monitored by the Board on a quarterly basis and on an ongoing basis through the Investment Manager.

The following table summarises exposure to price risk by asset class at year end date:

		2014	2013
		£000	£000
Equity	Fair value	25,451	17,210
Bonds	Fair value	797	790
		-----	-----
		26,248	18,000
		-----	-----

A 10% increase or decrease in the investment portfolio would have a £2,624,800 (2013 - £1,800,000) impact on the profit and loss account.

c) Currency Risk

The Company is exposed to currency risk when disposing of investments in foreign currencies between the date the transaction was entered into and settlement. These transactions are kept as low as possible in order to minimise the impact of exposure.

d) Interest Rate Risk

The Company is fully funded through equity and has no debt therefore interest rate risk is not considered a material risk.

The Company's financial assets and liabilities are denominated in Sterling as follows:

	30 September 2014			
	Fixed	Variable	Non-Interest	Total
	Rate	Rate	Bearing	
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Investments	797	-	25,451	26,248
Cash at Bank	-	3,203	-	3,203
Other currents assets and current liabilities (net)	-	-	(158)	(158)
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Net assets	797	3,203	25,293	29,293
	-----	-----	-----	-----

	30 September 2013			
	Fixed	Variable	Non-Interest	Total
	Rate	Rate	Bearing	
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Investments	790	-	17,210	18,000
Cash at Bank	-	2,077	-	2,077
Other currents assets and current liabilities (net)	-	-	(147)	(147)
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Net assets	790	2,077	17,063	19,930
	-----	-----	-----	-----

Interest rate risk exposure relates to Corporate bonds with fixed determinable payments and cash and cash equivalents (bank deposits) where interest income is primarily linked to bank base rates. Interest rate risk exposure on debt instruments is reflected in the market risk and since these securities are valued at fair value no additional disclosure is made in this respect. Movements in interest rates on cash and cash equivalents are not considered a material risk.

e) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the company is unable to meet obligations as they fall due. As the Company has no debt or other financial liabilities, liquidity risk is not considered material. As at 30 September 2014 the Company held £3,202,755 on bank deposit.

f) Credit Risk

Credit risk relates to the risk of default by a counterparty. No assets are past due date for payment or impaired.

An asset is considered to be impaired in the case of investments if the investee company makes continued losses or defaults on any payment.

The maximum credit risk exposure equates to the carrying value of assets at the balance sheet date:

	2014	2013
	£000	£000
Investments – Corporate Bonds	797	790
Cash at Bank	3,203	2,077
Other current (liabilities) (net)	(158)	(147)
	-----	-----
	3,842	2,720
	-----	-----

Cash balances were held on deposit with RBS at 30 September 2014.

g) Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities

Equity investments and Corporate Bonds are held at fair value. No investments are held for trading purposes only.

h) Capital Management Policies and Procedures

The current policy is to fund investments through equity. No future change to this policy is envisaged. As a PLC, the Company is required to hold a minimum £50,000 share capital.

The Company's capital is summarised in Note 11 to these accounts. The Company has no debt and is fully funded by equity.

18. Dividends

	2014	2013
	Ord	Ord
	£000	£000
Paid per share:		
Final dividend of 1.75 pence for the year ended 30 September 2012	-	438
Paid per share:		
Interim dividend of 1.5 pence for year ended 30 September 2013	-	415
Paid per share:		
Final dividend of 2.25 pence for year ended 30 September 2013	690	-
Paid per share:		
Interim dividend of 1.75 pence for year ended 30 September 2014	630	-
	-----	-----
	1,320	853
	-----	-----
Proposed per share:		
Final dividend of 2.50 pence for the year ended 30 September 2014	982	-
	-----	-----
Proposed per share:		
Final dividend of 2.25 pence for the year ended 30 September 2013	-	637
	-----	-----

19. Post Balance Sheet Events

The Directors of the Company announced on 3 October 2014 the launch of an offer for subscription for new shares in both VCT's to raise up to £10 million each. The Offer was approved by shareholders of the Company at a General Meeting on 7 November 2014 and is open to both new and existing shareholders.

Since its launch on 3 October 2014 the offer has resulted in funds being received of £2.37 million and the issue of 3.02 million shares. The Offer will close at 12pm on 30 September 2015 unless previously extended beyond that date, or earlier if the maximum subscription has been reached before then.

Mexican Grill Ltd

Since year end we have committed to buy 1400 non-qualifying shares in Mexican Grill for £85.50 per share.

GLOSSARY OF TERMS

Discount

The amount by which the bid-market price per share of a venture capital trust is lower than the net asset value per share. The discount is normally expressed as a percentage of the net asset value per share.

EBITDA

This is the earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortisation. An approximate measure of a Company's operating cash flow based on data from the company's income statement.

Enterprise Value (EV)

This is how much a company would cost, if you were to buy it outright—free and clear. You would have to pay the price per share times the number of shares plus you would have to pay off the debt of the company, but you could subtract the cash and marketable securities owned by the company, since you would now own it, which would reduce the effective price of the company. Note that sometimes, preferred stock is added to net debt because it is much like a debt instrument.

Market Capitalisation

The amount obtained by multiplying the stock market price of an ordinary share by the number of ordinary shares in issue.

Net Assets

Also called equity shareholders' funds.

Net Asset Value

The net asset value is the value of the total assets less liabilities. Liabilities for this purpose include current and long term liabilities. The net asset value per share is calculated by dividing the net asset value by the number of ordinary shares in issue.

Shareholders' Fund

Also called equity shareholders' fund. The amount due to the ordinary shareholders.

Total Expense Ratio

Total expenses incurred (excluding interest but including any irrecoverable VAT and any expenses charged to capital reserve) divided by Shareholders' funds.

Total Return

The total return per share is the value of the total assets plus total dividend distributions made to date less liabilities (current and long term liabilities) divided by the number of ordinary shares in issue. This allows performance comparisons to be made between venture capital trusts with different dividend policies.

COMPANY INFORMATION

Secretary and Registered Office

Stuart Brookes
Accurist House
44 Baker Street
London W1U 7AL

Manager

Hargreave Hale Limited
Accurist House
44 Baker Street
LONDON
W1U 7AL

Registrars

Equiniti
Aspect House
Spencer Road
Lancing
West Sussex
BN99 6ZL

Solicitors

Pinsent Masons LLP
30 Crown Place
London
EC2A 4ES

Auditors

BDO LLP
55 Baker Street
London
W1U 7EU

VCT Status Adviser

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
1 Embankment Place
London
WC2 6RH

Brokers

Singer Capital Markets Limited
One Hanover Street
London
W1S 1YZ

Company Registration Number

05206425 in England and Wales

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of Hargreave Hale AIM VCT 1 plc (“the Company”) will be held at Accurist House, 44 Baker Street, London on 22 January 2015 at 14.00pm for the purposes of considering and, if thought fit, passing the following resolutions, of which resolutions 1 to 7 will be proposed as ordinary resolutions and 8 and 9 as special resolutions:

Ordinary Business

1. To receive and, if thought fit, to accept the Reports of the Directors and Auditor and the audited financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2014;
2. To receive and approve the Directors Remuneration Report for the year ended 30 September 2014;
3. To approve the Directors Remuneration Policy, the full text of which is contained in the Directors Remuneration Report for the year ended 30 September 2014;
4. To reappoint BDO LLP as Auditors to the company and to authorise the Directors to determine their remuneration;
5. To re-elect Giles Hargreave as a Director of the Company;
6. To approve a final dividend of 2.50 pence per ordinary share in respect of the year ended 30 September 2014.

Special Business

Ordinary Resolutions

7. THAT, in substitution for existing authorities to the extent unused, the Directors be and are hereby generally and unconditionally authorised in accordance with Section 551 of the Companies Act 2006 (“the Act”) to exercise all the powers of the Company to allot ordinary shares of 1p (“Ordinary Shares”) each in the capital of the Company and to grant rights to subscribe for or convert any security into Ordinary Shares in the Company (“Rights”) up to an aggregate nominal value of £170,000, this authority to expire on the earlier of the conclusion of the Company’s next annual general meeting in 2016 and the expiry of 15 months from the passing of this resolution (unless previously revoked, varied or extended by the Company in general meeting), but so that this authority shall allow the Company to make before the expiry of this authority offers or agreements which would or might require Ordinary Shares to be allotted or Rights to be granted after such expiry.

Special Resolutions

8. THAT, in substitution for any existing power under Section 570 of the Act, but without prejudice to the exercise of any such power prior to the date hereof, the Directors be and are hereby empowered during the period commencing on the passing of this resolution and expiring on the conclusion of the Company’s next annual general meeting in 2016 or on the expiry of 15 months from the date of the passing of this resolution, whichever is the earlier (unless previously revoked, varied or renewed by the Company in general meeting pursuant to Section 570 of the Act), to allot equity securities (as defined in Section 560(1) and 560(2) of the Act) for cash pursuant to the authority given in accordance with Section 551 of the Act, pursuant to resolution (7) above, or by way of sale of treasury shares, as if Section 561 of the Act did not apply to any such allotment or sale, but so that this authority shall allow the Company to make offers or agreements before the expiry and the Directors may allot equity securities in pursuance of such offers or agreements as if the powers conferred hereby had not so expired.
9. THAT in substitution for any existing authority but without prejudice to the exercise of any such power prior to the date hereof, the Company be generally and unconditionally authorised to make one or more market purchases (within the meaning of Section 163(3) of the Act) of Ordinary Shares on such terms and in such manner as the Directors may determine (either for cancellation or for the retention as treasury shares for future re-issue, transfer or cancellation) provided that:
 - a) the maximum aggregate number of Ordinary Shares authorised to be purchased is such number thereof being 14.99% of the issued share capital;
 - b) the maximum price which may be paid for an Ordinary Share is an amount equal to the maximum amount permitted to be paid in accordance with the rules of the UK Listing Authority in force as at the date of purchase;
 - c) the minimum price which may be paid for an Ordinary Share is its respective nominal value;
 - d) this authority shall expire at the conclusion of the Company’s next annual general meeting in 2016 or on the expiry of 15 months following the passing of the resolution, whichever is the earlier (unless previously revoked, varied or renewed by the Company in general meeting); and

- e) the Company may make a contract or contracts to purchase Ordinary Shares under this authority before the expiry of the authority which will or may be executed wholly or partly after the expiry of the authority, and may make a purchase of Ordinary Shares in pursuance of any such contract or contracts.

By order of the Board

Stuart Brookes
Company Secretary

Registered Office:
Accurist House
44 Baker Street
London
W1U 7AL

Date: 17 December 2014

A member entitled to attend and vote at this meeting may appoint a proxy to attend and vote instead of him or her. A proxy need not also be a member of the Company. To be effective, forms of proxy together with the power of attorney or other authority, if any, under which it is signed, or a notorically certified copy or a copy certified in accordance with the Powers of Attorney Act 1941 of that power or authority must be lodged with the Company's Registrar, Equiniti, Aspect House, Spencer Road, Lancing, West Sussex BN99 6DA not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or any adjournment thereof. Lodgement of the form of proxy will not preclude a Shareholder from attending the meeting and voting in person.

The right to appoint a proxy does not apply to persons whose shares are held on their behalf by another person and who have been nominated to receive communications from the Company in accordance with Section 146 of the Act ("nominated persons"). Nominated persons may have a right under an agreement with the member who holds the shares on their behalf to be appointed (or to have someone else appointed) as a proxy. Alternatively, if nominated persons do not have such a right, or do not wish to exercise it, they may have a right under such an agreement to give instructions to the person holding the shares as to the exercise of voting rights.

The Company, pursuant to Regulation 41 of the Uncertificated Securities Regulations 2001 specifies that only those Shareholders registered in the register of members of the Company as at 6.00pm on 20 January 2015 or, in the event that the meeting is adjourned, on the register of members at 6.00pm on the day 2 days prior to the reconvened meeting, shall be entitled to attend or vote at the aforesaid annual general meeting in respect of the number of shares registered in their name at that time. Changes to entries on the relevant registrar of securities after 6.00pm on 20 January 2015 (or in the event that the meeting is adjourned, as at 6.00pm two days prior to the adjourned meeting) shall be disregarded in determining the rights of any person to attend or vote at the meeting notwithstanding any provisions in any enactment, the Articles of Association of the Company or any other instrument to the contrary.

CREST members who wish to appoint a proxy or proxies through the CREST electronic proxy appointment service may do so for the Annual General Meeting and any adjournment(s) thereof by using the procedures described in the CREST Manual (www.euroclear.com). CREST personal members or other CREST sponsored members who have appointed a voting service provider(s) should refer to their CREST sponsor or voting service provider(s), who will be able to take appropriate action on their behalf. In order for a proxy appointment or instruction made by means of CREST to be valid, the appropriate CREST message (a "CREST proxy instruction") must be properly authenticated in accordance with Euroclear's specifications and must contain the information required for such instructions, as described in the CREST Manual. The message must be transmitted so as to be received by Equiniti, the Company's Registrar (ID RA19), not later than 48 hours before the time appointed for the Annual General Meeting. For this purpose, the time of receipt will be taken to be the time (as determined by the timestamp applied to the message by the CREST Applications Host) from which Equiniti is able to retrieve the message by enquiry to CREST in the manner prescribed by CREST.

CREST members and where applicable their CREST sponsors or voting service provider(s) should note that Euroclear does not make available special procedures in CREST for any particular messages. Normal system timings and limitations will therefore apply in relation to the input of CREST proxy instructions. It is the responsibility of the CREST member concerned to take (or if the CREST member is a CREST personal member or sponsored member or has appointed a voting service provider(s), to procure that his CREST sponsor or voting service provider(s) take(s)) such action as shall be necessary to ensure that a message is transmitted by means of the CREST system by any particular time. In this connection, CREST members and, where applicable, their CREST sponsors or voting service provider(s) are referred, in particular, to those sections of the CREST Manual concerning practical limitations of the CREST system and timings.

The Company may treat as invalid a CREST proxy instruction in the circumstances set out in Regulation 35(5)(a) of the Uncertificated Securities Regulations 2001.

Pursuant to section 319A of the Companies Act 2006, the Company must cause to be answered at the AGM any question relating to the business being dealt with at the AGM which is put by a member attending the meeting, except in certain circumstances, including if it is undesirable in the interests of the Company or the good order of the meeting that the question be answered or if to do so would involve the disclosure of confidential information.

In accordance with section 311A of the Companies Act 2006, the contents of this notice of meeting, details of the total number of shares in respect of which members are entitled to exercise voting rights at the AGM and, if applicable, any members' statements, members' resolutions or members' matters of business received by the Company after the date of this notice will be available on the Company's website <http://www.hargreave-hale.co.uk/fund-management/venture-capital-trusts/hargreave-hale-aim-vct-1/factsheets-and-reports/>

Shareholders (and any proxy or representatives they appoint) agree, by attending the meeting, that they are expressly requesting that they are willing to receive any communications (including communications relating to the Company's securities) made at the meeting.

You may not use any electronic address provided either in this Notice of Meeting or any related documents (included in the Form of Proxy) to communicate with the Company for any purpose other than those expressly stated.

Note:

1. The following documents will be available for inspection at the registered office of the Company during usual business hours on a weekday (except Saturdays, Sundays and Public Holidays) until the date of the meeting and at the place of the meeting for a period of 15 minutes up to and during the meeting;
 - a) The Articles of Association
2. As at 16 December 2014 (being the latest business day prior to the publication of this Notice), the Company's issued share capital consists of 39,264,074, carrying one vote each. Therefore the total voting rights in the Company are 39,264,074.